TOWNSHIP OF MCGARRY BY-LAW 2007-35

Being a By-Law to adopt an Emergency Plan.

WHEREAS Section 2.1(1), of the Emergency Management and Civil Protection Act requires that the Council adopt an Emergency Management Plan.

AND WHEREAS Council is desirous to have a plan in place.

NOW THEREFORE Council of the Township of McGarry enacts as follows;

- 1) THAT the Township Emergency Plan complete with its appendices attached to and forming Schedule "A" to this By-Law be adopted.
- 2) THAT the Plan and its appendices may be amended from time to time.
- 3) THAT this By-Law shall come into affect on the date of its passing.

Read a first, second and third time this 14th day of August, 2007.

Reeve

llerk-Treasurer

THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF MCGARRY SCHEDULE "A"

TO BY-LAW NO. 2007-35

TOWNSHIP OF MCGARRY EMERGENCY PLAN

Developed: Jun/88 Revised: Dec/2004 Revised: May/2006 Revised: July/2007



MCGARRY EMERGENCY PLAN

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INTRODUCTION

When an unexpected situation suddenly threatens the property, health, safety and welfare of a community, measures have to be initiated to preserve the wellbeing of the public. These measures have to be undertaken by various groups, organizations and agencies. This is the time when all resources are combined and utilised to ensure a proper course of action.

Municipalities across the province have drafted appropriate emergency plans for their communities. This is made possible through the passing of the Emergency Management Act.

DESCRIPTION

An emergency plan comes into effect once a possible emergency has been identified. At this point members of the community who have been assigned specific duties assemble and take proper course of action. By following a set plan, a quicker and safer course of action can be undertaken to ensure the safety and well being of the community.

EMERGENCY OPERATIONS CONTROL GROUP

Emergency operations will be controlled by elected members from the various agencies and groups available. These members will meet at the Opscentre to perform their tasks. These representatives are as follows:

1. HEAD OF COUNCIL: Clermont LAPOINTE

4-27th Avenue, Virginiatown

634-2623 (Residence)

ALTERNATE: Acting Reeve for

period involved.

2. SENIOR ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIAL: Gary CUNNINGTON

22 - 5th Avenue Larder Lake, On 634-2145 (Business) 643-2154 (Residence)

ALTERNATE: Jackie HULL

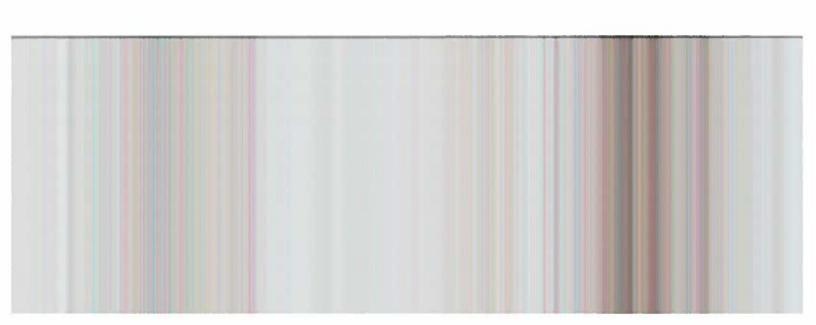
2-29th Street Virginiatown, On 634-2145 (Business) 634-2498 (Residence)

3. O.P.P. DETACHMENT COMMANDER: Sergeant Don GOARD

Kirkland Lake, On 567-5656 (Business)

ALTERNATE: Sergeant Claus Fey

Kirkland Lake, Ontario 567-5355 (Business)



4. FIRE CHIEF:

Ron MANSEAU 6 - 27th Avenue Virginiatown, On 634-2506 (Residence)

ALTERNATE:

Neil ALBRIGHT 17 - 26th Street Virginiatown, On 634-2443 (Residence)

5. PUBLIC WORKS OFFICIAL:

Bruce TURCOTT 18 -27th Avenue Virginiatown, On 634-2145 (Business) 634-2526 (Residence) 568-0047 (Cell Phone)

ALTERNATE:

Vincent PELLETIER 12 Conell Avenue Virginiatown, On 634-2145 (Business) 634-2106 (Residence)

6. HEALTH OFFICIAL:

Dr.. Pat Logan 1-866-747-4305

SUPPORT GROUPS

If additional services are required, support groups are brought in. The following list outlines those available:

1. ONTARIO HYDRO: Steve Foley 1-888-254-3992 (after hours & weekend) 1-705-647-3905 (Cell 705-648-3446)

2 MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCES:

1-705-568-3222 1-800-667-1940

3. MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT (Spills Action Centre):

1-800-268-6060

4. MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION & COMMUNICATIONS:

Brian Scott New Liskeard, On 1-705-642-3306 1-705-648-3449 (Cell)

5. HEALTH UNIT: 1-705-567-9355

1-866-967-9355

6. AMBULANCE SERVICE, O.H.S.C.: 9-1-1

7. FIRST RESPONSE: 9-1-1

8. NORTHERN TELEPHONE: 1-800-360-8555

9. CANUTEC: (613) 996-6666 (collect)

10. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT ONTARIO 1-866-314-0472 1-416-314-3758 (fax)

11. ONTARIO CLEAN WATER AGENCY B Brian Jibb 1-705-567-3955 1-705-642-5341 (Cell)

ALERT

Once a possible emergency has been identified members of the Emergency Operations Control Group will assemble at the OPSCENTRE. At this time they will evaluate the situation at hand and the Reeve or Alternate, upon advise received, will declare an emergency if he/she deems it necessary. If a state of emergency is proclaimed, the head of council will notify Emergency Management Ontario by telephone and with written confirmation by fax.

OPSCENTRE

Upon declaration of an emergency, members of the emergency operation control group will meet at the OPSCENTRE. This location will be decided by the Reeve or Acting Reeve, as the case may be. This will be the control centre while the emergency exists. This location will vary due to the impossibility to determine which area could be evacuated. The primary opscentre will be the Township Administration Building and the alternate will be the Larder Lake Administration Centre.

INFOCENTRE

A centre will be established from which relevant information will be made available to both the media as well as the general public. The location for the above will be designated by the Reeve or Acting Reeve. The Reeve or his/her alternate will be the Township Press Officer.



RESPONSIBILITIES OF E.O.C.G.

- 1. Declare the existence of an emergency.
- 2. Designate the area affected as an emergency area.
- 3. Authorize the utilization of funds available.
- 4. Evacuate buildings or areas in the emergency zone.
- 5. Disperse people who are not related to the operation of the emergency plan who=s presence might jeopardize the fulfillment of the above.
- 6. Discontinue the public utilities if deemed necessary.
- 7. Arrange for accommodation and welfare for those affected by the emergency.
- 8. Utilize personnel and equipment at their disposal.
- 9. Initiate proceedings for assistance from senior levels of government if required.
- 10. Establish an information centre which will be responsible for news releases to the media.

Specific duties will consists of:

HEAD OF COUNCIL:

- 1. Declare a state of emergency and identify Opscentre.
- 2. Notification to the Emergency Management Ontario
- 3. Make decisions disseminate duties to the involved emergency groups.
- 4. Request additional assistance from senior levels of government.
- 5. Approve news releases and public announcements.
- 6. Terminate the emergency and notify all those concerned.



O.P.P

- 1. Control and disperse crowds within the emergency area.
- 2. Traffic control enabling emergency vehicles to proceed to and from the emergency area.
- 3 Proceed to the evacuation of buildings if required.
- 4. Ensure the maintenance of law and order.
- 5. Notify the Coroner in the event of casualties.

FIRE DEPARTMENT

- 1. Perform duties related to fighting fires.
- 2. Take part in rescue operations.
- 3. Determine if additional equipment is required and take appropriate measures to ensure same is obtained.

PUBLIC UTILITIES:

- 1. Contribute the manpower and equipment available.
- 2. Assist traffic control by clearing emergency routes, marking obstacles, providing road signs, etc.
- 3. Re-establish services at the discontinuation of the emergency.

EVACUATION PROCEDURES

Should the need for evacuation arise, different routes will be made available to enable such in the safest and quickest manner.

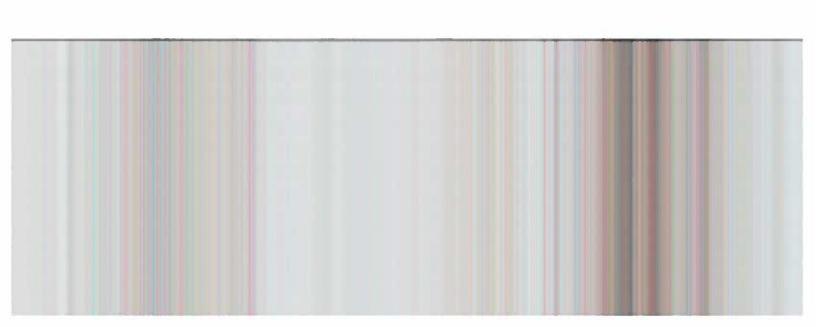
AVAILABLE ROUTES: King's Highway #66 West

King's Highway #66 East

CANCELLATION

Once members at the E.O.C.G. are satisfied that there no longer exists a threat to the property, health, safety and welfare of the community, they will discontinue the state of emergency. At this point measures will be taken to restore all services, and return the situation to its primary state.

Council and Staff will maintain a directory of Vital Services which shall be amended from time to time and be a supplement to this plan.



PLAN FOR EMERGENCY ACTION

APPENDIX "A"

VITAL SERVICES

TELEPHONE DIRECTORY

Revised -August 2007

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PLAN FOR EMERGENCY ACTION

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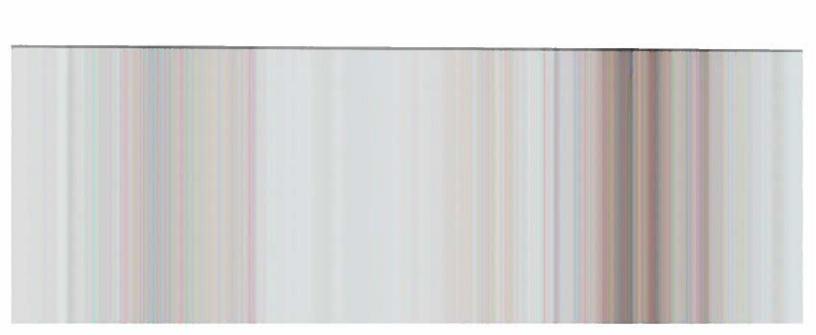
PLAN FOR EMERGENCY ACTION

VITAL TELEPHONE DIRECTORY

		Business	Residence
		Phone No.	Phone No.
<u>1.</u>	AIRPORTS - Kirkland Lake	567-6010	
	Pem Air Ltd.	1-800-267-3131	
	Air Canada	1-888-247-2262	
•	A LINUT I A DAY I LOTUMBIA		
<u>2.</u>	AUXILIARY LIGHTING	0.1.1	
	McGarry Twp.Mun.Fire Dept.	9-1-1	
	#12 DHQ North Bay	495-3880	
2	AMDIII ANCES		
<u>3.</u>	AMBULANCES O.H.S.C.	9-1-1	
	Kirkland Lake & District Hospital	567-5251	
	Klikialid Lake & District Hospital	307-3231	
4.	BELL TELEPHONE		
	Northern Telephone	1-800-360-8555	
	Chief of Emergency Crew-Norma Hughes		
	<u> </u>		
<u>5</u> .	BUS SERVICE		
-	O.N.R. (M. Sauer)	544-2292	544-8295
	,		
<u>6.</u>	CATERERS		
	The Roadside Joint	634-2103	
<u>7.</u>	CHEMICALS		
	Telecommunications Headquarters GHQ		
	CANUTEC	613-996-6666	



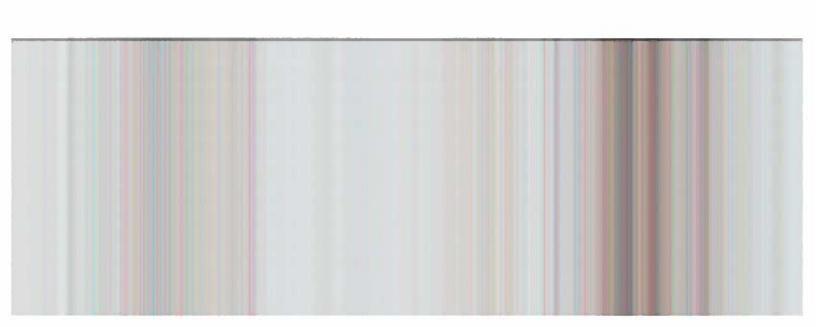
		<u>Business</u> Phone No.	Residence Phone No.
<u>8.</u>	CLERGY		<u> </u>
<u> </u>	Virginiatown Churches		
	Anglican, Jane Kitty		634-2542
	Roman Catholic		643-2391
	Roman Cathone		0+3-2391
	Larder Lake Churches		
	Roman Catholic		643-2391
	Jehovah Witness, Elder R. Howard		643-2560
	Elder J. Elgley		568-3063
	Wesleyan - David Naylor		567-2871
			643-5331 Cell Phone
<u>9.</u>	COFFEE TRUCKS		
	Salvation Army		567-5877
<u>10.</u>	CONSULATE - not applicable		
11.	<u>CORONERS</u>		
_	Dr. Lapointe	567-4978	
	Dr. Blount	647-6411	
<u>12.</u>	CRANES, BULLDOZERS, BACKHOE Virginiatown	S, LOADERS, FOR	K LIFTS
	Twp. of McGarry Public Works	634-2115	
	Foreman - Bruce Turcott	634-2115	634-2526
		33 1 2213	568-0047 Cell Phone
	Ass't Foreman - Vince Pelletier	634-2115	634-2106
	Larder Lake		
	Twp. Of Larder Lake Public Works	643-2158	
	Foreman – Mike Jacques	643-2158	643-6000 Cell Phone
	Ass't Foreman – John Plaunt	643-2158	045-0000 Cen i none
	Ass t Poleman – John Flaunt	043-2138	
<u>13.</u>	CRASH BOAT - not applicable		
<u>14.</u>	CRASH TRUCKS - not applicable		
<u>15.</u>	CUSTOMS AUTHORITIES - not applic	able	
<u>16.</u>	MINISTRY OF TRANSPORTATION O		
	Larder Lake Yard	643-2125	
	Snow Plows - 3		
	Grader with ice blades - 1		
	Loader - 1		
	Half Ton Truck - 1		
	Cross Coh 1		



Crew Cab - 1

			3.
17	MINICITAL OF MATURAL DESCRIPCES	Business Phone No.	Residence Phone No.
<u>17.</u>	MINISTRY OF NATURAL RESOURCES Kirkland Lake Office	567-3029	642-3222
<u>18.</u>	DEPT. OF NATIONAL HEALTH & WEL Human Resources & Development of Canada	<u>FARE</u>	
<u>19.</u>	<u>DEPT. OF TRANSPORT</u> (Federal) Transportation Canada - Earlton Airport	563-2215	
<u>20.</u>	DIVING EQUIPMENT & DIVERS Heavy-suited divers - not applicable S.C.U.B.A. & Skin Divers - G. Legendre	634-2640	
<u>21.</u>	<u>DOCTORS</u> Virginiatown - Dr. Clarke	634-2223	
	Larder Lake - Dr. Clarke	643-2442	
<u>22.</u>	ELECTED MAYORS, REEVES & CLERK	<u>KS</u>	
	<u>Virginiatown</u>	624 2110	634-2623
	Reeve - C. Lapointe Clerk - G. Cunnington	634-2118 634-2145	643-2154
	Clerk - G. Cullinington	034-2143	043-2134
	Larder <u>Lake</u>		
	Reeve – John Roddick	643-2158	643-2500
	Clerk - Anne Kmyta	643-2158	567-5155
23.	EMERGENCY MEASURES ORGANIZAT	ΓΙΟΝ 416-314-3723	416-314-3758
<u>24</u>	EXPRESS AGENCIES		
_	Ontario Northland Railways	567-9261	
	Manager - M. Sauer	544-2292	544-8295
25	FIRE DEPARTMENT		
<u>25</u>	McGarry Twp. Volunteer	9-1-1	
	3,500 ft. hose; 1 utility truck;	634-2500 Recreation R	loom
	2 portable pumps, jaws of life;		
	8 MSA Airpack mask & tanks.		
	Distance permitted to go -		
	discretion of Fire Chief		
	Fire Chief - Ron Manseau		634-2506
	Deputy Chief - Neil Albright		634-2443
	Fire Hall	634-2500	

		<u>Business</u> <u>Phone No</u> .	Residence Phone No.
	Larder Lake Volunteer General Equipment: 1 pumper; 3,500 ft. hose; 1 utility truck;	9-1-1	
	8 portable pumps; jaws of life; 2 MSA Airpack masks & tanks. Distance permitted to go - Twp. & McBean Mine		
	Fire Chief - R. Jacques	643-2169	
	Deputy Chief - B. Allen	643-2238	
	Fire Hall	643-2644	
	i ne itan	015 2011	
26.	FIRST AID PERSONNEL (St-John's Ambu	lance, Red Cross)	
<u> 20.</u>	Twp. of McGarry Fire Dept.	634-2323	
	Larder Lake Fire Dept.	643-2644	
	Zorus Zorus Zorus		
27.	FORESTRY PATROL - MINISTRY OF N	IATURAL RESOURC	<u>ES</u>
	Forest Fire Response or Reporting Duty Office		
	Fire Administration - Anne-Marie Larivee	267-7951 Ext.16	9
<u> 28.</u>	FUNERAL HOMES		
	Monette & French Funeral	567-3565	
<u> 29.</u>	GUIDES - not applicable		
<u>30.</u> H	EATERS - OUTDOOR (Portable)	T (T	
	T.N.R. Construction	567-5234	
21	TIEL ICOPTEDE C. H.O. Towards		
<u>31.</u>	HELICOPTERS G.H.Q. Toronto	819-764-3202	
	Quebec Police		
	Hydro Quebec	819-764-6191	
	O.P.P.	888-310-1122	
<u>32.</u>	HIGHWAY TRANSPORT VANS (Refriger	rated) - not applicable	
<u>33.</u>	HOSPITALS		
<u> </u>	Kirkland & District Hospital	567-5251	
	Englehart	544-2301	
	New Liskeard	647-8121	



		Business Phone No.	Residence Phone No.
<u>34.</u>	HOTELS & MOTELS Larder Lake Country Motor Inn	643-2161	
<u>35.</u>	IMMUNIZATION Timiskaming Health Unit Medical Officer of Health - Dr. S. Collins	567-9355 567-9355	642-3641
<u>36.</u>	IMMIGRATION AUTHORITIES - not applical	ble	
<u>37.</u>	<u>INTERPRETERS</u> - Several languages are availal no professional services.	ole,	
<u>38.</u>	MARINE DISASTER SERVICES - not applical	ole	
<u>39.</u>	METEROLOGICAL OFFICE - not applicable		
<u>40.</u>	MILITARY (Canadian Armed Forces) - not appli	cable	*0
<u>41.</u>	MOBILE CANTEENS - not applicable		
<u>42.</u>	MOBILE HOME - HOUSE TRAILERS Kevin McDonough -25th Street Martin Isbell - 25th Street Daniel Plante - 25th Street Marcel Pelchat - 26th Street	- - - 634-2262	
<u>43</u>	MORGUES Kirkland Lake & District Hospital	567-5251	
<u>44</u>	MOTELS Chemins Lodge	634-2400	

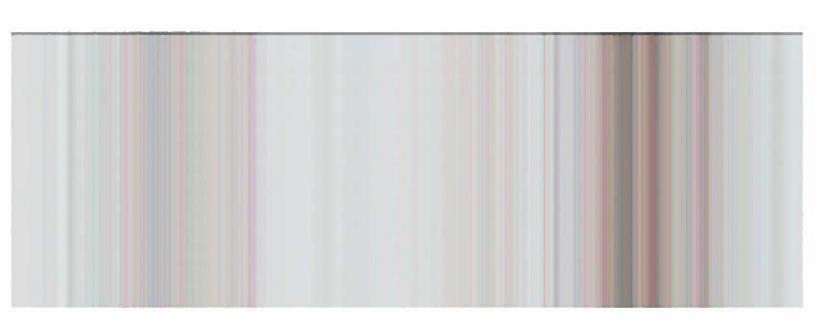


<u>45.</u>	MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT Roads, Works and Water Virginiatown	Business Phone No.	Residence Phone No.
	Foreman: B. Turcott	634-2115	634-2526 568-0047 Cell Phone
	Ass't Foreman: V.Pelletier	634-2115	634-2106
	<u>Larder Lake</u> Foreman – Mike Jacques Ass't Foreman – John Plaunt	634-2158 643-2158	643-6000 Cell Phone
	<u>HEALTH</u>		
	Timiskaming Health Unit	567-9355	
	Medical Officer of Health	567-9355	642-3641
<u>46</u>	NEWSPAPERS Northern News	567-5321	
<u>47.</u>	NURSES Public Health Nurses -	567-9355	
	Timiskaming Health Unit Victorian Order of Nurses	567-3369	
	Kirkland & District Hospital	567-5251	
<u>48.</u>	PEST & RODENT CONTROL FIRMS P.C.O.	1-800-461-3505	
<u>49.</u>	POLICE DEPARTMENTS Ontario Provincial Police	1-888-310-1122	
	Sgt. D. Goard	567-5355 567-9614 (Fax)	
<u>50.</u>	POST OFFICES Virginiatown		
	Tracy Allen Larder Lake	634-2332	
	C. Bagyan Kearns	643-2212	643-2762
	Roadside Joint	634-2103	
<u>51.</u>	PUMPS (Portable) Township of McGarry Fire Department Larder Lake Fire Department	634-2323 643-2277	
<u>52.</u>	RADIATION MONITOR (Prov. Dept. Of Health Timiskaming Health Unit	Radiation Protecti 567-9355	on Service)



		Business Phone No.	Residence Phone No.
<u>53.</u>	RADIO STATION C.J.K.L. C.B.C Northern Ontario	567-3366 1-800-461-1138	Hone Tio
<u>54.</u>	RED CROSS - See First Aid Personnel		
<u>55.</u>	SALVATION ARMY	567-3172	
<u>56.</u>	SONAR SIDE SCAN EQUIPMENT For locating objects in water - contact Field Division for authorization		
<u>57.</u>	ST.JOHN'S AMBULANCE - See First Aid Person	onnel	
<u>58.</u>	SUVERYORS Sutcliff H. Ltd. Walker J.E. Surveying	647-4311 544-2712	
<u>59.</u>	TABLE & CHAIR RENTAL FIRMS - not appli	icable	
<u>60.</u>	TENT& AWNING SUPPLIERS Paul's New & Used Canadian Tire Home Hardware Larder Lake Fire Department	567-7636 567-9281 567-4630 643-2644	
<u>61.</u>	TOILETS (Portable) Herby Enterprises Wayne Phippen	1-800-267-4372 1-705-568-8526	
<u>62.</u>	TOW TRUCKS R&R Towing Kirkland Lake	567-9191	
<u>63.</u>	T.V. STATIONS Regional Cable Systems. Cable Vision	567-9383 1-819-764-6781	
<u>64.</u>	WELDING SERVICES (Portable) Township of McGarry Township of Larder Lake Jean-Yves Godin	634-2145 643-2158 634-2168	
<u>65.</u>	WILDERNESS OUTFITTERS Canadian Tire Grants Home and Building Centre	567-9281 567-3383	

Paul's New & Used

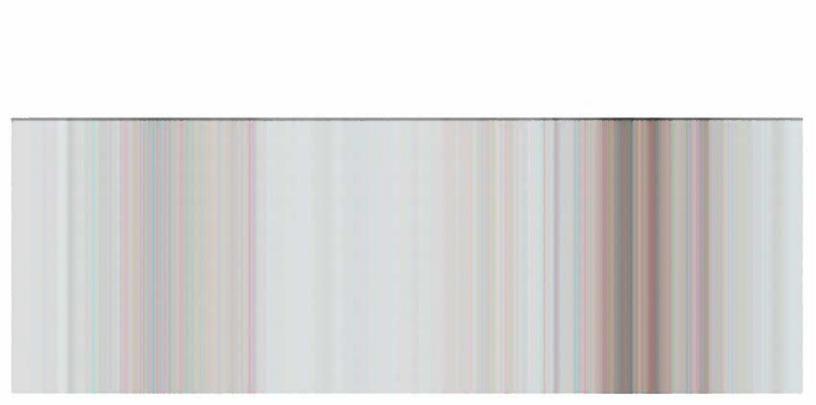


567-7336

		<u>Business</u> <u>Phone No</u> .	Residence Phone No.
<u>66.</u>	X-RAY MACHINES Kirkland Lake & District Hospital (Stationary & Portable)	567-5251	
	Compensation Board (Chest Clinic) (Stationary & Portable)	567-4466	
<u>67.</u>	<u>CIVILIAN SPORT PARACHUTING</u> FACILITIES	416-224-3520	

PHYSICALLY CHALLENGED AGENCIES

<u>68.</u>



Français

APPENDIX B"

Emergency Management and Civil Protection Act

R.S.O. 1990, CHAPTER E.9

Consolidation Period: From January 1, 2007 to the e-Laws currency date.

Last amendment: 2006, c.35, Sched.C, s.32.

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14.	Standards for emergency management programs and emergency plans
<u>15.</u>	Crown bound

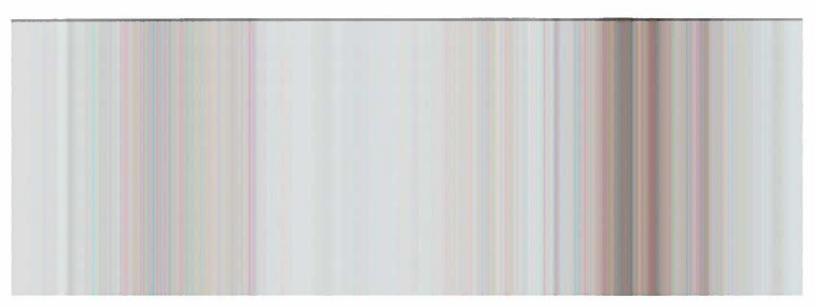
Definitions

1. In this Act,

"Crown employee" means a Crown employee within the meaning of the *Public Service Act*; ("employé de la Couronne")

Note: On a day to be named by proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor, the definition of "Crown employee" is repealed by the Statutes of Ontario, 2006, chapter 35, Schedule C,

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subsection 32 (1). See: 2006, c. 35, Sched. C, ss. 32 (1), 137 (1).

- "emergency" means a situation or an impending situation that constitutes a danger of major proportions that could result in serious harm to persons or substantial damage to property and that is caused by the forces of nature, a disease or other health risk, an accident or an act whether intentional or otherwise; ("situation d'urgence")
- "emergency area" means the area in which an emergency exists; ("zone de crise")
- "emergency management program" means a program developed under section 2.1 or 5.1; ("programme de gestion des situations d'urgence")
- "emergency plan" means a plan formulated under section 3, 6, 8 or 8.1; ("plan de mesures d'urgence")
- "employee of a municipality" means an employee as defined in section 278 of the *Municipal Act*, 2001 or a designated employee as defined in section 217 of the *City of Toronto Act*, 2006, as the case may be; ("employé municipal")
- "head of council" includes a chair of the board of an improvement district; ("président du conseil")
- "local board" means a local board as defined in the Municipal Affairs Act; ("conseil local")
- "local services board" means a Local Services Board established under the Local Services Boards Act; ("régie locale des services publics")
- "member of council" includes a trustee of the board of an improvement district; ("membre du conseil") R.S.O. 1990, c. E.9, s. 1; 1999, c. 12, Sched. P, s. 3; 2002, c. 14, s. 3; 2002, c. 17, Sched. C, s. 10 (1, 2); 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (2); 2006, c. 32, Sched. C, s. 17.

Note: On a day to be named by proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor, section 1 is amended by the Statutes of Ontario, 2006, chapter 35, Schedule C, subsection 32 (2) by adding the following definition:

"public servant" means a public servant within the meaning of the *Public Service of Ontario Act, 2006.* ("fonctionnaire")

See: 2006, c. 35, Sched. C, ss. 32 (2), 137 (1).

Administration of Act

2. The Solicitor General is responsible for the administration of this Act. R.S.O. 1990, c. E.9, s. 2.

Cabinet advisory committee

2.0.1 The Lieutenant Governor in Council may appoint, from among the members of the Executive Council, a committee to advise the Lieutenant Governor in Council on matters relating to emergencies. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (3).

Municipal emergency management programs

2.1 (1) Every municipality shall develop and implement an emergency management program and the council of the municipality shall by by-law adopt the emergency management

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program. 2002, c. 14, s. 4.

Same

- (2) The emergency management program shall consist of,
- (a) an emergency plan as required by section 3;
- (b) training programs and exercises for employees of the municipality and other persons with respect to the provision of necessary services and the procedures to be followed in emergency response and recovery activities;
- (c) public education on risks to public safety and on public preparedness for emergencies; and
- (d) any other element required by the standards for emergency management programs set under section 14. 2002, c. 14, s. 4.

Hazard and risk assessment and infrastructure identification

(3) In developing its emergency management program, every municipality shall identify and assess the various hazards and risks to public safety that could give rise to emergencies and identify the facilities and other elements of the infrastructure that are at risk of being affected by emergencies. 2002, c. 14, s. 4.

Confidentiality for defence reasons

- (4) Subject to subsection (5), a head of an institution, as defined in the Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, may refuse under that Act to disclose a record if,
 - (a) the record contains information required for the identification and assessment activities under subsection (3); and
 - (b) its disclosure could reasonably be expected to prejudice the defence of Canada or of any foreign state allied or associated with Canada or be injurious to the detection, prevention or suppression of espionage, sabotage or terrorism. 2002, c. 14, s. 4.

Same

- (5) A head of an institution, as defined in the Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, shall not disclose a record described in subsection (4),
 - (a) if the institution is a municipality and the head of the institution is not the council of the municipality, without the prior approval of the council of the municipality;
 - (b) if the institution is a board, commission or body of a municipality, without the prior approval of the council of the municipality or, if it is a board, commission or body of two or more municipalities, without the prior approval of the councils of those municipalities. 2002, c. 14, s. 4.

Confidentiality of third party information

- (6) A head of an institution, as defined in the Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, shall not, under that Act, disclose a record that,
 - (a) contains information required for the identification and assessment activities under subsection (3); and
 - (b) reveals a trade secret or scientific, technical, commercial, financial or labour relations information, supplied in confidence implicitly or explicitly. 2002, c. 14, s. 4.

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Meetings closed to public

(7) The council of a municipality shall close to the public a meeting or part of a meeting if the subject matter being considered is the council's approval for the purpose of subsection (5). 2002, c. 14, s. 4.

Application of Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act

(8) Nothing in this section affects a person's right of appeal under section 39 of the *Municipal Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act* with respect to a record described in this section. 2002, c. 14, s. 4.

Municipal emergency plan

- 3. (1) Every municipality shall formulate an emergency plan governing the provision of necessary services during an emergency and the procedures under and the manner in which employees of the municipality and other persons will respond to the emergency and the council of the municipality shall by by-law adopt the emergency plan. 2002, c. 14, s. 5 (1).
 - (2) Repealed: 2002, c. 14, s. 5 (1).

Co-ordination by county

(3) The council of a county may with the consent of the councils of the municipalities situated within the county co-ordinate and assist in the formulation of their emergency plans under subsection (1). R.S.O. 1990, c. E.9, s. 3 (3).

Specific emergencies may be designated

(4) The Lieutenant Governor in Council may designate a municipality to address a specific type of emergency in its emergency plan and, if so required, the municipality shall include the type of emergency specified in its emergency plan. 2002, c. 14, s. 5 (2).

Training and exercises

(5) Every municipality shall conduct training programs and exercises to ensure the readiness of employees of the municipality and other persons to act under the emergency plan. 2002, c. 14, s. 5 (3).

Review of plan

(6) Every municipality shall review and, if necessary, revise its emergency plan every year. 2002, c. 14, s. 5 (3).

Declaration of emergency

4. (1) The head of council of a municipality may declare that an emergency exists in the municipality or in any part thereof and may take such action and make such orders as he or she considers necessary and are not contrary to law to implement the emergency plan of the municipality and to protect property and the health, safety and welfare of the inhabitants of the emergency area. R.S.O. 1990, c. E.9, s. 4 (1).

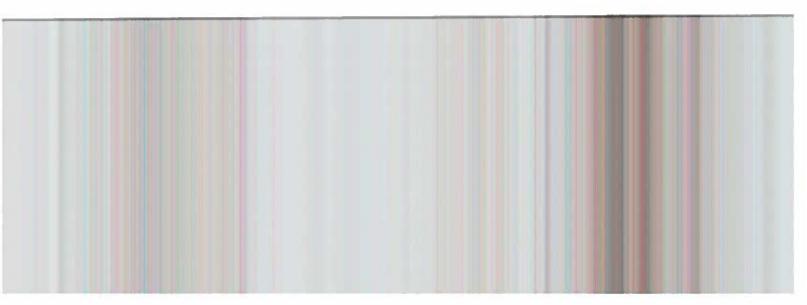
Declaration as to termination of emergency

(2) The head of council or the council of a municipality may at any time declare that an emergency has terminated. R.S.O. 1990, c. E.9, s. 4 (2).

Solicitor General to be notified

(3) The head of council shall ensure that the Solicitor General is notified forthwith of a declaration made under subsection (1) or (2). R.S.O. 1990, c. E.9, s. 4 (3).

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Premier may declare emergency terminated

(4) The Premier of Ontario may at any time declare that an emergency has terminated. R.S.O. 1990, c. E.9, s. 4 (4).

Conformity with upper-tier plan

5. The emergency plan of a lower-tier municipality in an upper-tier municipality, excluding a county, shall conform to the emergency plan of the upper-tier municipality and has no effect to the extent of any inconsistency and, for the purposes of this section, The Corporation of the County of Lambton shall be deemed to be an upper-tier municipality. 2002, c. 17, Sched. C, s. 10 (3).

Emergency management programs of provincial government bodies

- 5.1 (1) Every minister of the Crown presiding over a ministry of the Government of Ontario and every agency, board, commission and other branch of government designated by the Lieutenant Governor in Council shall develop and implement an emergency management program consisting of,
 - (a) an emergency plan as required by section 6;
 - (b) training programs and exercises for Crown employees and other persons with respect to the provision of necessary services and the procedures to be followed in emergency response and recovery activities;

Note: On a day to be named by proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor, clause (b) is amended by the Statutes of Ontario, 2006, chapter 35, Schedule C, subsection 32 (3) by striking out "Crown employees" and substituting "public servants". See: 2006, c. 35, Sched. C, ss. 32 (3), 137 (1).

- (c) public education on risks to public safety and on public preparedness for emergencies; and
- (d) any other element required by the standards for emergency management programs set under section 14. 2002, c. 14, s. 7.

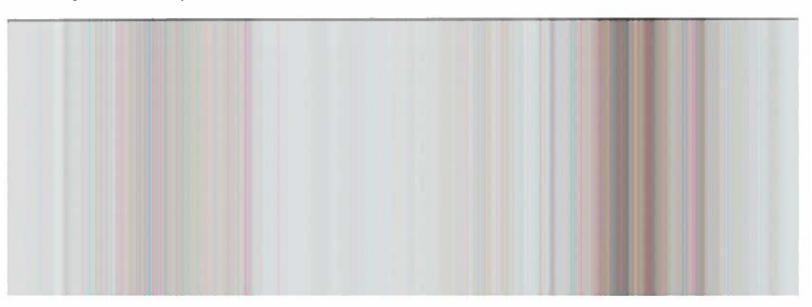
Hazard and risk assessment and infrastructure identification

(2) In developing an emergency management program, every minister of the Crown and every designated agency, board, commission and other branch of government shall identify and assess the various hazards and risks to public safety that could give rise to emergencies and identify the facilities and other elements of the infrastructure for which the minister or agency, board, commission or branch is responsible that are at risk of being affected by emergencies. 2002, c. 14, s. 7.

Confidentiality of third party information

- (3) A head of an institution, as defined in the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act, shall not, under that Act, disclose a record that,
 - (a) contains information required for the identification and assessment activities under subsection (2); and
 - (b) reveals a trade secret or scientific, technical, commercial, financial or labour relations information, supplied in confidence implicitly or explicitly. 2002, c. 14, s. 7.

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(4) Nothing in this section affects a person's right of appeal under section 50 of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act with respect to a record described in this section. 2002, c. 14, s. 7.

Emergency plans of provincial government bodies

- 6. (1) It is the responsibility of,
- (a) each minister of the Crown presiding over a ministry of the Government of Ontario; and
- (b) each agency, board, commission or other branch of government designated by the Lieutenant Governor in Council,

to formulate an emergency plan for the ministry or branch of government, as the case may be, in respect of the type of emergency assigned to it by the Lieutenant Governor in Council, governing the provision of necessary services during an emergency and the procedures under and the manner in which Crown employees and other persons will respond to the emergency. R.S.O. 1990, c. E.9, s. 6 (1).

Note: On a day to be named by proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor, the portion after clause (b) is amended by the Statutes of Ontario, 2006, chapter 35, Schedule C, subsection 32 (3) by striking out "Crown employees" and substituting "public servants". See: 2006, c. 35, Sched. C, ss. 32 (3), 137 (1).

Training and exercises

(2) Every minister of the Crown described in clause (1) (a) and every agency, board, commission or other branch of government described in clause (1) (b) shall conduct training programs and exercises to ensure the readiness of Crown employees and other persons to act under their emergency plans. 2002, c. 14, s. 8.

Note: On a day to be named by proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor, subsection (2) is amended by the Statutes of Ontario, 2006, chapter 35, Schedule C, subsection 32 (3) by striking out "Crown employees" and substituting "public servants". See: 2006, c. 35, Sched. C, ss. 32 (3), 137 (1).

Review of plan

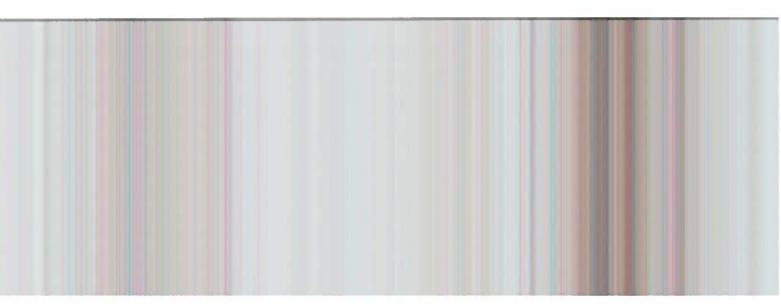
(3) Every minister of the Crown described in clause (1) (a) and every agency, board, commission or other branch of government described in clause (1) (b) shall review and, if necessary, revise its emergency plan every year. 2002, c. 14, s. 8.

Chief, Emergency Management Ontario

6.1 The Lieutenant Governor in Council shall appoint a Chief, Emergency Management Ontario who, under the direction of the Solicitor General, shall be responsible for monitoring, co-ordinating and assisting in the development and implementation of emergency management programs under sections 2.1 and 5.1 and for ensuring that those programs are co-ordinated in so far as possible with emergency management programs and emergency plans of the Government of Canada and its agencies. 2002, c. 14, s. 9.

Emergency plans submitted to Chief

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6.2 (1) Every municipality, minister of the Crown and designated agency, board, commission and other branch of government shall submit a copy of their emergency plans and of any revisions to their emergency plans to the Chief, Emergency Management Ontario, and shall ensure that the Chief, Emergency Management Ontario has, at any time, the most current version of their emergency plans. 2002, c. 14, s. 10.

Repository for emergency plans

(2) The Chief, Emergency Management Ontario shall keep in a secure place the most current version of every emergency plan submitted to him or her. 2002, c. 14, s. 10.

Definitions

- 7. In sections 7.0.1 to 7.0.11,
- "animal" means a domestic animal or bird or an animal or bird that is wild by nature that is in captivity; ("animal")
- "Commissioner of Emergency Management" means the person appointed from time to time by order in council as the Commissioner of Emergency Management; ("commissaire à la gestion des situations d'urgence")
- "municipality" includes a local board of a municipality, a district social services administration board and, despite subsection 6 (2) of the Northern Services Boards Act, a local services board; ("municipalité")
- "necessary goods, services and resources" includes food, water, electricity, fossil fuels, clothing, equipment, transportation and medical services and supplies. ("denrées, services et ressources nécessaires") 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Declaration of emergency

7.0.1 (1) Subject to subsection (3), the Lieutenant Governor in Council or the Premier, if in the Premier's opinion the urgency of the situation requires that an order be made immediately, may by order declare that an emergency exists throughout Ontario or in any part of Ontario. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

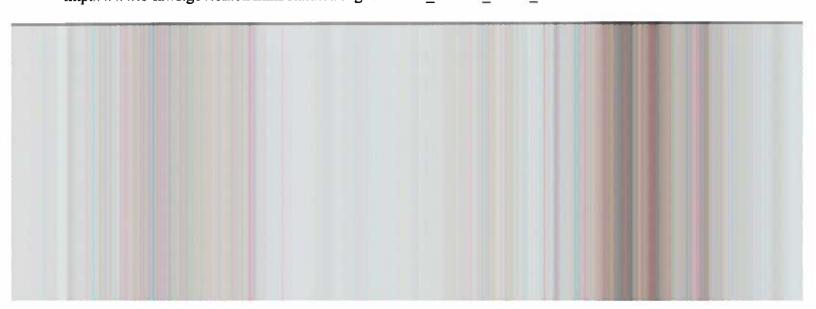
Confirmation of urgent declaration

(2) An order of the Premier that declares an emergency is terminated after 72 hours unless the order is confirmed by order of the Lieutenant Governor in Council before it terminates. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Criteria for declaration

- (3) An order declaring that an emergency exists throughout Ontario or any part of it may be made under this section if, in the opinion of the Lieutenant Governor in Council or the Premier, as the case may be, the following criteria are satisfied:
 - 1. There is an emergency that requires immediate action to prevent, reduce or mitigate a danger of major proportions that could result in serious harm to persons or substantial damage to property.
 - 2. One of the following circumstances exists:
 - i. The resources normally available to a ministry of the Government of Ontario or an agency, board or commission or other branch of the government, including

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existing legislation, cannot be relied upon without the risk of serious delay.

- ii. The resources referred to in subparagraph i may be insufficiently effective to address the emergency.
- iii. It is not possible, without the risk of serious delay, to ascertain whether the resources referred to in subparagraph i can be relied upon. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Emergency powers and orders Purpose

7.0.2 (1) The purpose of making orders under this section is to promote the public good by protecting the health, safety and welfare of the people of Ontario in times of declared emergencies in a manner that is subject to the *Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms*. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Criteria for emergency orders

- (2) During a declared emergency, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may make orders that the Lieutenant Governor in Council believes are necessary and essential in the circumstances to prevent, reduce or mitigate serious harm to persons or substantial damage to property, if in the opinion of the Lieutenant Governor in Council it is reasonable to believe that,
 - (a) the harm or damage will be alleviated by an order; and
 - (b) making an order is a reasonable alternative to other measures that might be taken to address the emergency. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

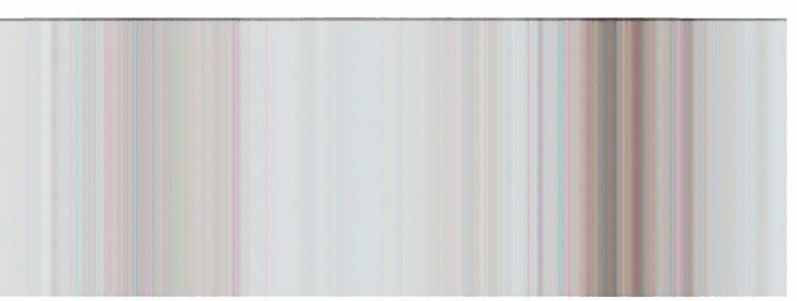
Limitations on emergency order

- (3) Orders made under this section are subject to the following limitations:
 - 1. The actions authorized by an order shall be exercised in a manner which, consistent with the objectives of the order, limits their intrusiveness.
- 2. An order shall only apply to the areas of the Province where it is necessary.
- 3. Subject to section 7.0.8, an order shall be effective only for as long as is necessary. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Emergency orders

- (4) In accordance with subsection (2) and subject to the limitations in subsection (3), the Lieutenant Governor in Council may make orders in respect of the following:
 - 1. Implementing any emergency plans formulated under section 3, 6, 8 or 8.1.
 - 2. Regulating or prohibiting travel or movement to, from or within any specified area.
 - 3. Evacuating individuals and animals and removing personal property from any specified area and making arrangements for the adequate care and protection of individuals and property.
 - 4. Establishing facilities for the care, welfare, safety and shelter of individuals, including emergency shelters and hospitals.
 - 5. Closing any place, whether public or private, including any business, office, school, hospital or other establishment or institution.
 - 6. To prevent, respond to or alleviate the effects of the emergency, constructing works,

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restoring necessary facilities and appropriating, using, destroying, removing or disposing of property.

- 7. Collecting, transporting, storing, processing and disposing of any type of waste.
- 8. Authorizing facilities, including electrical generating facilities, to operate as is necessary to respond to or alleviate the effects of the emergency.
- 9. Using any necessary goods, services and resources within any part of Ontario, distributing, and making available necessary goods, services and resources and establishing centres for their distribution.
- 10. Procuring necessary goods, services and resources.
- 11. Fixing prices for necessary goods, services and resources and prohibiting charging unconscionable prices in respect of necessary goods, services and resources.
- 12. Authorizing, but not requiring, any person, or any person of a class of persons, to render services of a type that that person, or a person of that class, is reasonably qualified to provide.
- 13. Subject to subsection (7), requiring that any person collect, use or disclose information that in the opinion of the Lieutenant Governor in Council may be necessary in order to prevent, respond to or alleviate the effects of the emergency.
- 14. Consistent with the powers authorized in this subsection, taking such other actions or implementing such other measures as the Lieutenant Governor in Council considers necessary in order to prevent, respond to or alleviate the effects of the emergency. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Terms and conditions for services

(5) An order under paragraph 12 of subsection (4) may provide for terms and conditions of service for persons providing and receiving services under that paragraph, including the payment of compensation to the person providing services. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Employment protected

(6) The employment of a person providing services under an order made under paragraph 12 of subsection (4) shall not be terminated because the person is providing those services. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

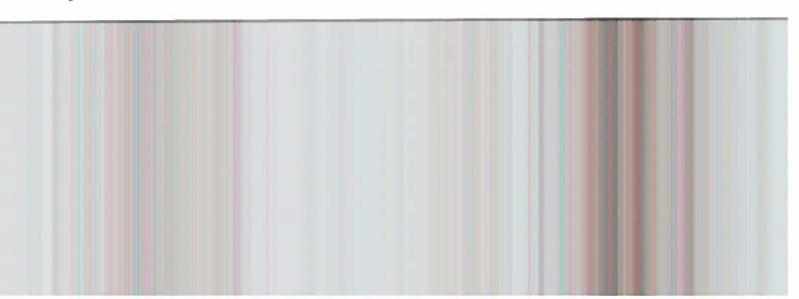
Disclosure of information

- (7) The following rules apply with respect to an order under paragraph 13 of subsection (4):
 - 1. Information that is subject to the order must be used to prevent, respond to or alleviate the effects of the emergency and for no other purpose.
 - 2. Information that is subject to the order that is personal information within the meaning of the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act is subject to any law with respect to the privacy and confidentiality of personal information when the declared emergency is terminated. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Exception

(8) Paragraph 2 of subsection (7) does not prohibit the use of data that is collected as a result of an order to disclose information under paragraph 13 of subsection (4) for research

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purposes if,

- (a) information that could be used to identify a specific individual is removed from the data; or
- (b) the individual to whom the information relates consents to its use. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Authorization to render information anonymous

(9) A person who has collected or used information as the result of an order under paragraph 13 of subsection (4) may remove information that could be used to identify a specific individual from the data for the purpose of clause (8) (a). 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Powers of the Premier Powers delegated to Premier

7.0.3 (1) If an order is made under section 7.0.1, the Premier may exercise any power or perform any duty conferred upon a minister of the Crown or a Crown employee by or under an Act of the Legislature. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Note: On a day to be named by proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor, subsection (1) is amended by the Statutes of Ontario, 2006, chapter 35, Schedule C, subsection 32 (4) by striking out "a Crown employee" and substituting "an employee of the Crown". See: 2006, c. 35, Sched. C, ss. 32 (4), 137 (1).

Powers of Premier, municipal powers

- (2) If an order is made under section 7.0.1 and the emergency area or any part of it is within the jurisdiction of a municipality, the Premier, where he or she considers it necessary, may by order made under this section,
 - (a) direct and control the administration, facilities and equipment of the municipality in the emergency area, and, without restricting the generality of the foregoing, the exercise by the municipality of its powers and duties in the emergency area, whether under an emergency plan or otherwise, is subject to the direction and control of the Premier; and
 - (b) require any municipality to provide such assistance as he or she considers necessary to an emergency area or any part of the emergency area that is not within the jurisdiction of the municipality and direct and control the provision of such assistance. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

By-law not necessary

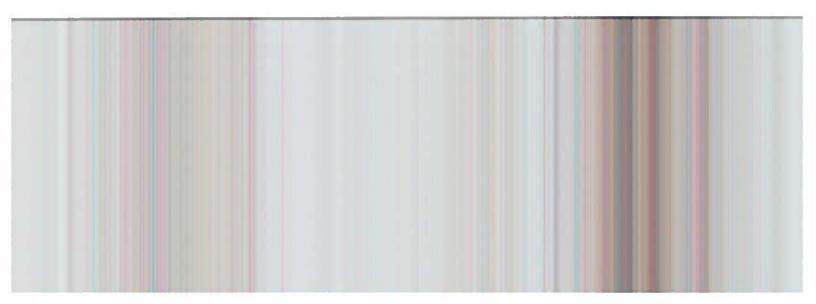
(3) Despite subsection 5 (3) of the *Municipal Act, 2001*, a municipality is authorized to exercise a municipal power in response to an order of the Premier or his or her delegate made under subsection (2) without a by-law. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

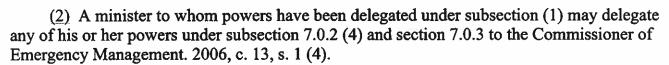
Delegation of powers

7.0.4 (1) After an order has been made under section 7.0.1, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may delegate to a minister of the Crown or to the Commissioner of Emergency Management any of the powers of the Lieutenant Governor in Council under subsection 7.0.2 (4) and the Premier may delegate to a minister of the Crown or to the Commissioner of Emergency Management any of the Premier's powers under section 7.0.3. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Same

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Proceedings to restrain contravention of order

7.0.5 Despite any other remedy or any penalty, the contravention by any person of an order made under subsection 7.0.2 (4) may be restrained by order of a judge of the Superior Court of Justice upon application without notice by the Crown in right of Ontario, a member of the Executive Council or the Commissioner of Emergency Management, and the judge may make the order and it may be enforced in the same manner as any other order or judgment of the Superior Court of Justice. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Reports during an emergency

7.0.6 During an emergency, the Premier, or a Minister to whom the Premier delegates the responsibility, shall regularly report to the public with respect to the emergency. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Termination of emergency

7.0.7 (1) Subject to this section, an emergency declared under section 7.0.1 is terminated at the end of the 14th day following its declaration unless the Lieutenant Governor in Council by order declares it to be terminated at an earlier date. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Extension of emergency, L.G. in C.

(2) The Lieutenant Governor in Council may by order extend an emergency before it is terminated for one further period of no more than 14 days. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Extension of emergency, Assembly

(3) The Assembly, on the recommendation of the Premier, may by resolution extend the period of an emergency for additional periods of no more than 28 days. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Same

(4) If there is a resolution before the Assembly to extend the period of the emergency, the declaration of emergency shall continue until the resolution is voted on. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Revocation of orders

7.0.8 (1) Subject to this section, an order made under subsection 7.0.2 (4) is revoked 14 days after it is made unless it is revoked sooner. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

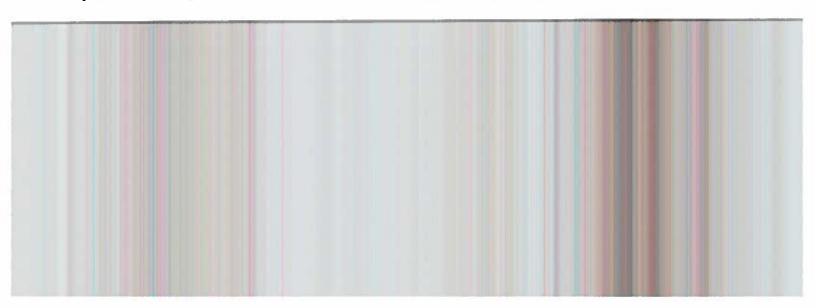
Commissioner's orders

(2) An order of the Commissioner of Emergency Management made under subsection 7.0.2 (4) is revoked at the end of the second full day following its making unless it is confirmed before that time by order of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, the Premier or the Minister who delegated the power to make the order. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Extension of orders, L.G. in C., etc.

(3) During a declared emergency, the Lieutenant Governor in Council or a Minister to whom the power has been delegated may by order, before it is revoked, extend the effective period of an order made under subsection 7.0.2 (4) for periods of no more than 14 days. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

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Extension of order after emergency

(4) Despite the termination or disallowance of the emergency, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may by order extend the effective period of an order made under subsection 7.0.2 (4) for periods of no more than 14 days where the extension of the order is necessary to deal with the effects of the emergency. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Disallowance of emergency by Assembly

7.0.9 (1) Despite section 7.0.7, the Assembly may by resolution disallow the declaration of emergency under section 7.0.1 or the extension of an emergency. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Same

(2) If the Assembly passes a resolution disallowing the declaration of emergency or the extension of one, any order made under subsection 7.0.2 (4) is revoked as of the day the resolution passes. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Report on emergency

7.0.10 (1) The Premier shall table a report in respect of the emergency in the Assembly within 120 days after the termination of an emergency declared under section 7.0.1 and, if the Assembly is not then in session, the Premier shall table the report within seven days of the Assembly reconvening. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Content of report

- (2) The report of the Premier shall include information,
- (a) in respect of making any orders under subsection 7.0.2 (4) and an explanation of how the order met the criteria for making an order under subsection 7.0.2 (2) and how the order satisfied the limitations set out in subsection 7.0.2 (3); and
- (b) in respect of making any orders under subsection 7.0.3 (2) and an explanation as to why he or she considered it necessary to make the order. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Consideration of report

(3) The Assembly shall consider the report within five sitting days after the report is tabled. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

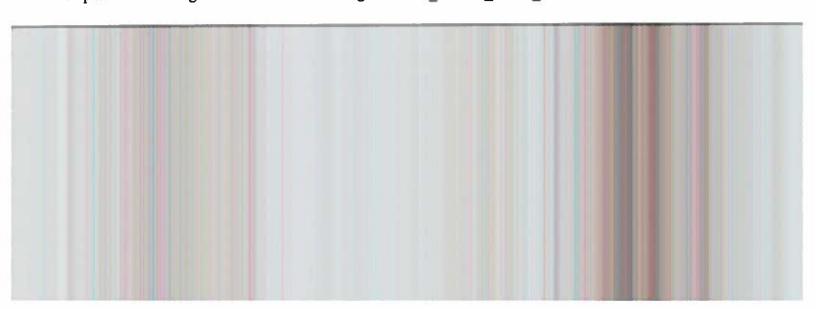
Commissioner's report

(4) If the Commissioner of Emergency Management makes any orders under subsection 7.0.2 (4) or 7.0.3 (2), he or she shall, within 90 days after the termination of an emergency declared under subsection 7.0.1 (1), make a report to the Premier in respect of the orders and the Premier shall include it in the report required by subsection (1). 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Offences

- 7.0.11 (1) Every person who fails to comply with an order under subsection 7.0.2 (4) or who interferes with or obstructs any person in the exercise of a power or the performance of a duty conferred by an order under that subsection is guilty of an offence and is liable on conviction.
 - (a) in the case of an individual, subject to clause (b), to a fine of not more than \$100,000 and for a term of imprisonment of not more than one year;
 - (b) in the case of an individual who is a director or officer of a corporation, to a fine of

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not more than \$500,000 and for a term of imprisonment of not more than one year; and

(c) in the case of a corporation, to a fine of not more than \$10,000,000. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Separate offence

(2) A person is guilty of a separate offence on each day that an offence under subsection (1) occurs or continues. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Increased penalty

(3) Despite the maximum fines set out in subsection (1), the court that convicts a person of an offence may increase a fine imposed on the person by an amount equal to the financial benefit that was acquired by or that accrued to the person as a result of the commission of the offence. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Exception

(4) No person shall be charged with an offence under subsection (1) for failing to comply with or interference or obstruction in respect of an order that is retroactive to a date that is specified in the order, if the failure to comply, interference or obstruction is in respect of conduct that occurred before the order was made but is after the retroactive date specified in the order. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (4).

Orders in emergency Purpose

7.1 (1) The purpose of this section is to authorize the Lieutenant Governor in Council to make appropriate orders when, in the opinion of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, victims of an emergency or other persons affected by an emergency need greater services, benefits or compensation than the law of Ontario provides or may be prejudiced by the operation of the law of Ontario. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Order

- (2) If the conditions set out in subsection (3) are satisfied, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may, by order made on the recommendation of the Attorney General, but only if the Lieutenant Governor in Council is of the opinion described in subsection (1),
 - (a) temporarily suspend the operation of a provision of a statute, regulation, rule, by-law or order of the Government of Ontario; and
 - (b) if it is appropriate to do so, set out a replacement provision to be in effect during the temporary suspension period only. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Conditions

- (3) The conditions referred to in subsection (2) are:
- 1. A declaration has been made under section 7.0.1.
- 2. The provision,
 - i. governs services, benefits or compensation, including,
 - A. fixing maximum amounts,
 - B. establishing eligibility requirements,
 - C. requiring that something be proved or supplied before services, benefits or



compensation become available,

- D. restricting how often a service or benefit may be provided or a payment may be made in a given time period,
- E. restricting the duration of services, benefits or compensation or the time period during which they may be provided,
- ii. establishes a limitation period or a period of time within which a step must be taken in a proceeding, or
- iii. requires the payment of fees in respect of a proceeding or in connection with anything done in the administration of justice.
- 3. In the opinion of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, the order would facilitate providing assistance to victims of the emergency or would otherwise help victims or other persons to deal with the emergency and its aftermath. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Maximum period, renewals and new orders

- (4) The period of temporary suspension under an order shall not exceed 90 days, but the Lieutenant Governor in Council may,
 - (a) before the end of the period of temporary suspension, review the order and, if the conditions set out in subsection (3) continue to apply, make an order renewing the original order for a further period of temporary suspension not exceeding 90 days;
 - (b) at any time, make a new order under subsection (2) for a further period of temporary suspension not exceeding 90 days. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Further renewals

(5) An order that has previously been renewed under clause (4) (a) may be renewed again, and in that case clause (4) (a) applies with necessary modifications. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Effect of temporary suspension: time period

(6) If a provision establishing a limitation period or a period of time within which a step must be taken in a proceeding is temporarily suspended by the order and the order does not provide for a replacement limitation period or period of time, the limitation period or period of time resumes running on the date on which the temporary suspension ends and the temporary suspension period shall not be counted. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Effect of temporary suspension: fee

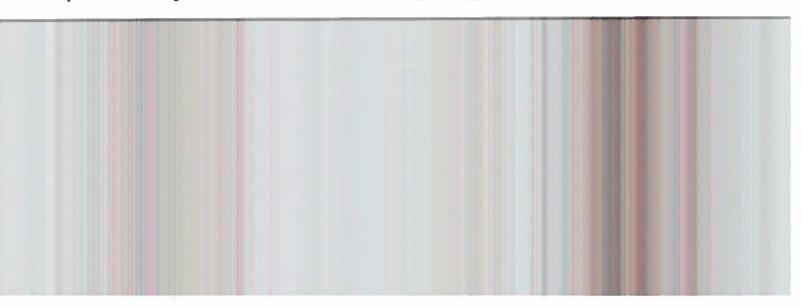
(7) If a provision requiring the payment of a fee is temporarily suspended by the order and the order does not provide for a replacement fee, no fee is payable at any time with respect to things done during the temporary suspension period. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Restriction

- (8) This section does not authorize,
- (a) making any reduction in respect of services, benefits or compensation;
- (b) shortening a limitation period or a period of time within which a step must be taken in a proceeding; or
- (c) increasing the amount of a fee. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Orders, general

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Commencement

- 7.2 (1) An order made under subsection 7.0.2 (4) or 7.1 (2),
- (a) takes effect immediately upon its making; or
- (b) if it so provides, may be retroactive to a date specified in the order. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Notice

(2) Subsection 23 (2) of the Legislation Act, 2006 does not apply to an order made under subsection 7.0.2 (4) or 7.1 (2), but the Lieutenant Governor in Council shall take steps to publish the order in order to bring it to the attention of affected persons pending publication under the Legislation Act, 2006. 2006, c. 13, s. 2 (3).

General or specific

(3) An order made under subsection 7.0.2 (4) or 7.1 (2) may be general or specific in its application. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Conflict

(4) In the event of conflict between an order made under subsection 7.0.2 (4) or 7.1 (2) and any statute, regulation, rule, by-law, other order or instrument of a legislative nature, including a licence or approval, made or issued under a statute or regulation, the order made under subsection 7.0.2 (4) or 7.1 (2) prevails unless the statute, regulation, rule, by-law, other order or instrument of a legislative nature specifically provides that it is to apply despite this Act. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Chief Medical Officer of Health

(5) Except to the extent that there is a conflict with an order made under subsection 7.0.2 (4), nothing in this Act shall be construed as abrogating or derogating from any of the powers of the Chief Medical Officer of Health as defined in subsection 1 (1) of the Health Protection and Promotion Act. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Limitation

(6) Nothing in this Act shall be construed or applied so as to confer any power to make orders altering the provisions of this Act. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Same

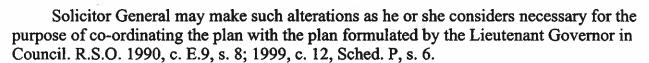
(7) Nothing in this Act affects the rights of a person to bring an application for the judicial review of any act or failure to act under this Act. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Occupational Health and Safety Act

(8) Despite subsection (4), in the event of a conflict between this Act or an order made under subsection 7.0.2 (4) and the Occupational Health and Safety Act or a regulation made under it, the Occupational Health and Safety Act or the regulation made under it prevails. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (5).

Lieutenant Governor in Council to formulate plan

8. The Lieutenant Governor in Council shall formulate an emergency plan respecting emergencies arising in connection with nuclear facilities, and any provisions of an emergency plan of a municipality respecting such an emergency shall conform to the plan formulated by the Lieutenant Governor in Council and are subject to the approval of the Solicitor General and the



Other emergency plans

8.1 The Solicitor General may, if he or she thinks it is necessary or desirable in the interests of emergency management and public safety, formulate emergency plans respecting types of emergencies other than those arising in connection with nuclear facilities. 2002, c. 14, s. 12.

What plan may provide

- 9. An emergency plan formulated under section 3, 6 or 8 shall,
- (a) in the case of a municipality, authorize employees of the municipality or, in the case of a plan formulated under section 6 or 8, authorize Crown employees to take action under the emergency plan where an emergency exists but has not yet been declared to exist;

Note: On a day to be named by proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor, clause (a) is amended by the Statutes of Ontario, 2006, chapter 35, Schedule C, subsection 32 (5) by striking out "Crown employees" and substituting "public servants". See: 2006, c. 35, Sched. C, ss. 32 (5), 137 (1).

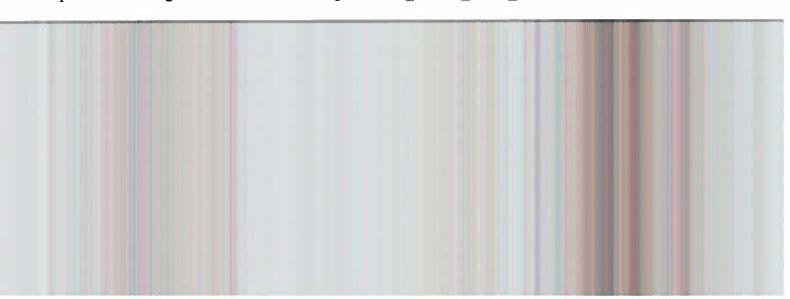
- (b) specify procedures to be taken for the safety or evacuation of persons in an emergency area;
- (c) in the case of a municipality, designate one or more members of council who may exercise the powers and perform the duties of the head of council under this Act or the emergency plan during the absence of the head of council or during his or her inability to act;
- (d) establish committees and designate employees to be responsible for reviewing the emergency plan, training employees in their functions and implementing the emergency plan during an emergency;
- (e) provide for obtaining and distributing materials, equipment and supplies during an emergency;
- (e.1) provide for any other matter required by the standards for emergency plans set under section 14; and
- (f) provide for such other matters as are considered necessary or advisable for the implementation of the emergency plan during an emergency. R.S.O. 1990, c. E.9, s. 9; 2002, c. 14, s. 13.

Public access to plans

10. An emergency plan formulated under section 3, 6 or 8 shall be made available to the public for inspection and copying during ordinary business hours at an office of the municipality, ministry or branch of government, as the case may be. R.S.O. 1990, c. E.9, s. 10.

Protection from action

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11. (1) No action or other proceeding lies or shall be instituted against a member of council, an employee of a municipality, an employee of a local services board, an employee of a district social services administration board, a minister of the Crown, a Crown employee or any other individual acting pursuant to this Act or an order made under this Act for any act done in good faith in the exercise or performance or the intended exercise or performance of any power or duty under this Act or an order under this Act or for neglect or default in the good faith exercise or performance of such a power or duty. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (6).

Note: On a day to be named by proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor, subsection (1) is amended by the Statutes of Ontario, 2006, chapter 35, Schedule C, subsection 32 (6) by striking out "Crown employee" and substituting "public servant". See: 2006, c. 35, Sched. C, ss. 32 (6), 137 (1).

Crown not relieved of liability

(2) Despite subsections 5 (2) and (4) of the *Proceedings Against the Crown Act*, subsection (1) does not relieve the Crown of liability for the acts or omissions of a minister of the Crown or a Crown employee referred to in subsection (1) and the Crown is liable under that Act as if subsection (1) had not been enacted. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (6).

Note: On a day to be named by proclamation of the Lieutenant Governor, subsection (2) is amended by the Statutes of Ontario, 2006, chapter 35, Schedule C, subsection 32 (7) by striking out "Crown employee" and substituting "public servant". See: 2006, c. 35, Sched. C, ss. 32 (7), 137 (1).

Municipality not relieved of liability

(3) Subsection (1) does not relieve a municipality of liability for the acts or omissions of a member of council or an employee of the municipality referred to in subsection (1), and the municipality is liable as if subsection (1) had not been enacted and, in the case of a member of council, as if the member were an employee of the municipality. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (6).

Application of subs. (1)

(4) In the case of an order that is made retroactive to a date specified in the order, subsection (1) applies to an individual referred to in that subsection in respect of any act or any neglect or default that occurs before the order is made but on or after the date specified in the order. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (6).

Definitions

(5) In this section,

"member of council" includes a member of a local board, a local services board or a district social service administration board; ("membre du conseil")

"municipality" includes a local board of a municipality. ("municipalité") 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (6).

Right of action

12. Where money is expended or cost is incurred by a municipality or the Crown in the implementation of an emergency plan or in connection with an emergency, the municipality or the Crown, as the case may be, has a right of action against any person who caused the emergency for the recovery of such money or cost, and for the purposes of this section, "municipality" includes a local board of a municipality and a local services board. R.S.O. 1990,



c. E.9, s. 12; 1999, c. 12, Sched. P, s. 8.

Agreements

13. (1) The Solicitor General, with the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, may make agreements with the Crown in right of Canada in respect of the payment by Canada to Ontario of any part of the cost to Ontario and to municipalities of the development and implementation of emergency management programs and the formulation and implementation of emergency plans. R.S.O. 1990, c. E.9, s. 13 (1); 2002, c. 14, s. 15.

Idem

(2) The Solicitor General, with the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, may make agreements with the Crown in right of Canada and with the Crown in right of any other province for the provision of any personnel, service, equipment or material during an emergency. R.S.O. 1990, c. E.9, s. 13 (2).

Idem

(3) The council of a municipality may make an agreement with the council of any other municipality or with any person for the provision of any personnel, service, equipment or material during an emergency. R.S.O. 1990, c. E.9, s. 13 (3); 1999, c. 12, Sched. P, s. 9.

Action not an expropriation

13.1 (1) Nothing done under this Act or under an order made under subsection 7.0.2 (4) constitutes an expropriation or injurious affection for the purposes of the *Expropriations Act* or otherwise at law and there is no compensation for the loss, including a taking, of any real or personal property except in accordance with subsection (3). 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (7).

Payment of cost of assistance

(2) The Lieutenant Governor in Council may by order authorize the payment of the cost of providing any assistance that arises under this Act or as the result of an emergency out of funds appropriated by the Assembly. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (7).

Compensation for loss of property

(3) If, as the result of making an order under subsection 7.0.2 (4), a person suffers the loss, including a taking, of any real or personal property, the Lieutenant Governor in Council may by order authorize the reasonable compensation of the person for the loss in accordance with such guidelines as may be approved by the Lieutenant Governor in Council. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (7).

Compensation for municipalities

(4) Without limiting the generality of subsection (2), the Lieutenant Governor in Council may by order authorize the payment of the costs incurred by a municipality in respect of an order made under this Act out of funds appropriated by the Assembly. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (7).

Standards for emergency management programs and emergency plans

14. (1) The Solicitor General may make regulations setting standards for the development and implementation of emergency management programs under sections 2.1 and 5.1 and for the formulation and implementation of emergency plans under sections 3 and 6. 2002, c. 14, s. 16.

General or particular

(2) A regulation made under subsection (1) may be general or particular in its application.

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2002, c. 14, s. 16.

Conformity to standards required

(3) Every municipality, minister of the Crown and designated agency, board, commission and other branch of government shall ensure that their emergency management programs and emergency plans conform to the standards set under this section. 2002, c. 14, s. 16.

Crown bound

15. This Act binds the Crown. 2006, c. 13, s. 1 (8).

Français

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2007-07-31



Checklist in Consideration of a Declaration of Emergency

(Note: All references in this document refer to the *Emergency Management Act*, R.S.O. 1990, Chapter E.9, as amended 2003)



* This checklist is for use by municipal heads of council considering the declaration of an emergency within their municipality. This checklist is not intended to provide any sort of legal advice – it is merely a reference tool.

An emergency is defined under the *Emergency Management Act* as "a situation, or an impending situation caused by the forces of nature, an accident, an intentional act or otherwise that constitutes a danger of major proportions to life or property" [Section 1, definition of an emergency].

Under the *Emergency Management* Act, only the head of council of a municipality (or his or her designate) and the Premier have the authority to declare an emergency. These individuals, as well as a municipal council, have the authority to terminate an emergency declaration [Sections 4 (1), (2), (4)].

An emergency declaration may extend to all, or any part of the geographical area under the jurisdiction of the municipality [Section 4 (1)].

If the decision is made to declare an emergency, the municipality must notify Emergency Management Ontario (on behalf of the Minister of Community Safety and Correctional Services) as soon as possible [Section 4 (3)]. Although a verbal declaration of emergency is permitted, all declarations should ultimately be made in writing to ensure proper documentation is maintained. Written declarations should be made on municipal letterhead, using the template provided by Emergency Management Ontario, and should be faxed to (416) 314-0474. When declaring an emergency, please notify the Provincial Emergency Operations Centre at 1-866-314-0472.

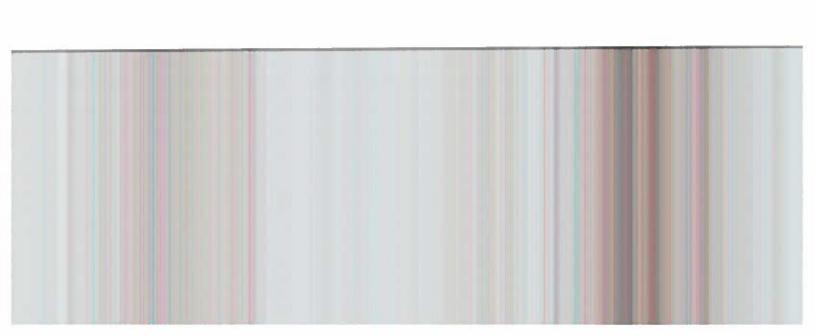
When considering whether to declare an emergency, a positive response to one or more of the following criteria *may* indicate that a situation, whether actual or anticipated, warrants the declaration of an emergency:

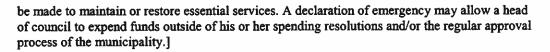
General and Government:

- Is the situation an extraordinary event requiring extraordinary measures? [Section 4 (1) permits a head of council to "take such action and make such orders as he or she considers necessary and are not contrary to law" during an emergency.]
- Does the situation pose a danger of major proportions to life or property? [Section 1, definition of an emergency]
- Does the situation pose a threat to the provision of essential services (e.g., energy, potable water, sewage treatment/containment, supply of goods or medical care)? [Some situations may require extraordinary measures be taken or expenditures

Emergency Management Ontario

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- Does the situation threaten social order and the ability to govern? [Whether due to a loss of infrastructure or social unrest (e.g., a riot), a crisis situation has the potential to threaten a council's ability to govern. In such cases, extraordinary measures may need to be taken. Section 4 (1) provides for extraordinary measures, not contrary to law. Section 55 (1) of the *Police Services Act* provides for the creation of special policing arrangements during an emergency.]
- Is the event attracting significant media and/or public interest? [Experience demonstrates that the media and public often view the declaration of an emergency as a decisive action toward addressing a crisis. It must be made clear that an "emergency" is a legal declaration and does not indicate that the municipality has lost control. An emergency declaration provides an opportunity to highlight action being taken under your municipal emergency response plan.]
- □ Has there been a declaration of emergency by another level of government? [A declaration of emergency on the part of another level of government (e.g., lower-tier, upper-tier, provincial, federal) may indicate that you should declare an emergency within your municipality. For example, in the event of a widespread disaster affecting numerous lower-tier municipalities within a county, the county will likely need to enact its emergency response plan and should strongly consider the declaration of an emergency. In some cases, however, a declaration of emergency by a higher level of government may provide sufficient authorities to the lower-tier communities involved (e.g., municipalities operating under the authority of a provincial or federal declaration).]

Legal:

- Might legal action be taken against municipal employees or councilors related to their actions during the current crisis? [Section 11 (1) states that "no action or other proceeding lies or shall be instituted against a member of council, an employee of a municipality, a minister of the Crown or a Crown employee for doing any act or neglecting to do any act in good faith in the implementation or intended implementation of an emergency management program or an emergency plan or in connection with an emergency." Section 11 (3), however, states "subsection (1) does not relieve a municipality of liability for the acts or omissions of a member of council or an employee of the municipality..."]
- □ Are volunteers assisting? [The Workplace Safety and Insurance Act provides that persons who assist in connection with a declared emergency are considered "workers" under the Act and are eligible for benefits if they become injured or ill as a result of the assistance they are providing. This is in addition to workers already covered by the Act.]

Operational:

Does the situation require a response that exceeds, or threatens to exceed the capabilities of the municipality for either resources or deployment of personnel? [Section 4 (1) permits the head of council to "take such action and make such orders as he or she considers necessary and are not contrary to law to implement the emergency plan." Section 13 (3) empowers a municipal council to "make an agreement with the council of any other municipality or with any person for the provision of any personnel, service, equipment or material during an emergency."]

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- Does the situation create sufficient strain on the municipal response capability that areas within the municipality may be impacted by a lack of services, thereby further endangering life and property outside areas directly affected by the current crisis? [Some situations may require the creation of special response agreements between the municipality and other jurisdictions, private industry, non-government organizations, etc. Section 13 (3) states that the "council of a municipality may make an agreement with the council of any other municipality or with any person for the provision of personnel, service, equipment or material during an emergency."]
- Is it a consideration that the municipal response may be of such duration that additional personnel and resources may be required to maintain the continuity of operations? [In the event of a large-scale crisis, such as an epidemic or prolonged natural disaster, municipal resources may not be able to sustain an increased operational tempo for more than a few days. This is particularly true if emergency workers are injured or become ill as a result of the crisis. In such a case, the municipality may need to utilize outside emergency response personnel. Section 13 (3) provides for mutual assistance agreements between municipalities.]
- Does, or might, the situation require provincial support or resources?

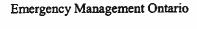
 [Provincial response (e.g., air quality monitoring, scientific advice, airlift capabilities, material resources, etc.) may involve numerous ministries and personnel. Activation of the municipal emergency response plan, including the opening of the Emergency Operations Centre and meeting of the Community Control Group, can greatly facilitate multi-agency and multi-government response.]
- Does, or might, the situation require assistance from the federal government (e.g., military equipment)? [Section 13 (2) authorizes the Minister of Community Safety and Correctional Services, with the approval of the Lieutenant Governor in Council, to enter into mutual assistance agreements with the federal government. In Canada, federal emergency assistance is accessed through, and coordinated by, the province. The declaration of an emergency may assist a municipality in obtaining federal assistance.]
- Does the situation involve a structural collapse? [Structural collapses involving the entrapment of persons may require the deployment of one or more Heavy Urban Search and Rescue (HUSAR) teams. Ontario has a HUSAR team. This team is specially equipped and trained to rescue persons trapped as a result of a structural collapse. Any municipality in the province can request a HUSAR deployment to a declared emergency. Requests for HUSAR resources should be made through your local mutual aid fire coordinator. Approval for the dispatch of the HUSAR team comes from the Commissioner of Emergency Management.]
- □ Is the situation a large-scale or complex chemical, biological, radiological, or nuclear (CBRN) incident? [Response to CBRN incidents requires specialized resources and training. Ontario is developing three CBRN teams to respond to incidents throughout the province. CBRN teams are only dispatched to declared emergencies. Requests for a CBRN deployment should be made through your local mutual aid fire coordinator. Approval for the dispatch of CBRN teams comes from the Commissioner of Emergency Management.]



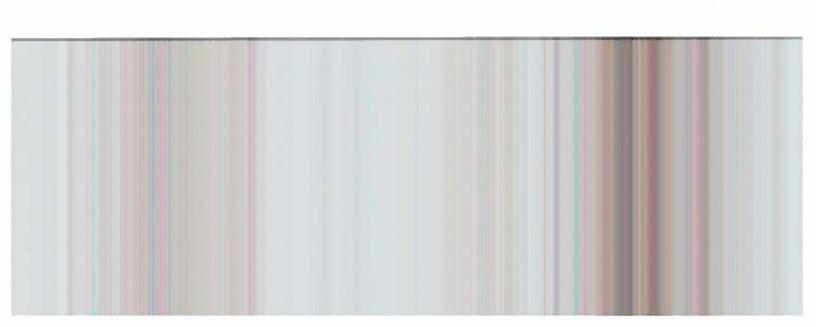
- □ Does the situation require, or have the potential to require the evacuation and/or shelter of people or animals [livestock] from your municipality? [Evacuee and reception centres often use volunteers as staff. As noted above, the declaration of an emergency enacts certain parts of the Workplace Insurance and Safety Act related to volunteer workers. Secondly, an evacuation or sheltering of citizens has the potential to generate issues pertaining to liability. Section 11 of the Emergency Management Act may provide municipal councilors and employees with certain protections against personal liability.]
- □ Will your municipality be receiving evacuees from another community? [The issues discussed in the previous bullet may apply equally to municipalities accepting evacuees.]

Economic and Financial:

- Does the situation pose a large-scale disruption to routine patterns of transportation, or re-routing of large numbers of people and vehicles? [The rerouting of people and vehicles poses a potential liability risk. Keeping persons from their homes and delaying commercial traffic are both sensitive issues. Section 11 of the Act may provide certain protection from liability. Section 4 (1) allows for extraordinary measures to be taken, providing they are not contrary to law.]
- Is an event likely to have a long term negative impact on a community's economic viability/sustainability, including resulting unemployment, lack of available banking services and restorative measures necessary to reestablish commercial activity? [The declaration of an emergency may facilitate the ability of the municipality to respond to economic losses.]
- □ Is it possible that a specific person, corporation, or other party has caused the situation? [Section 12 states that "where money is expended or cost is incurred by a municipality or the Crown in the implementation of an emergency plan or in connection with an emergency, the municipality or the Crown, as the case may be, has a right of action against any person who caused the emergency for the recovery of such money or cost...."]



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APPENDIX "D'O

Declaration of Emergency

Municipality:	(print)
I,	hereby declare a state of mergency Management and Civil
Protection Act, R.S.O. 1990, c E.9 s.4.(1)	due to the emergency described
herein: (nature of emergency)	
for an Emergency Area or part thereof des	cribed as: (geographic boundary)
Tot all Differency 1 mon or part monter are	orrow and (goog, aprile community)
Signed:	
Title:	
	<i>(</i> (*)
Dated: at	(time)
in the Municipality/First Nation of:	+
v.	
•	
	214 0474

(Note: Fax to EMO Duty Officer @ 416-314-0474)

DECEMBER 14, 2004

Resolution No.____

THE CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF MCGARRY P.O. BOX 99 VIRGINIATOWN, ON. P0K 1X0

-	munity Risk Profile and the EmcCommunity Management Coord	
DefeatedReeve	/ Carried	Penned Jeffull
Recorded Vote	Requested byYES	NO
Reeve Lapointe Councillor Armstrong Councillor Dickie Councillor Jolette Councillor Tardif		

General Hazards Checklist TOWNSHIP OF M GARRY

For each hazard, mark the box that most closely reflects the potential for that hazard in your community.

Definitions:

Directions:

Hazard: An event or physical condition that has the potential to cause fatalities, injuries, property damage, infrastructure damage, agricultural loss, damage to the environment, interruption of business, or other types of harm or loss.

Likely: The listed hazard has occurred in recent memory and is likely to occur again.

Possible: The listed hazard has not occurred in recent memory, but could occur based on prior incidence or "expert" assessment (e.g., a nuclear facility, terrorism, an earthquake).

Unlikely: The hazard has never occurred and likely will not occur is the foreseeable future (e.g. a mine emergency where there is no mine).

HAVAND	PRINCIPAL	KOZZEDE	we concided a
Natural Events			
Drought	0	٥	□ x
Water Emergencies	0		o x
Fires (Forest & Wildland-Urban	× •	□ x	0
Interface)			
Fog	0	\Box \mathbf{x}	٥
Snowstorms/Blizzards	□ x		0
Ice / Sleet Storms	o x		
Hailstorms		о х	
Lightning Storms	•	□ x	
Hurricanes		o o	□ x
Windstorms			□ x
Tornadoes			□ x
Extreme Heat/Cold	□ x	D.	
Earthquakes			□ x
Erosion	•		o x
Landslides / Mudslides			□ x
Subsidence			□ x
Human Health Emergencies and			□ x
Epidemics			
Agriculture and Food Emergencies	٥		□ x
Floods			□ x
Emarganas Managament Ontario			January 2003

Emergency Management Ontario



Work eet 3-1: General Hazards Checist

Technological:			
Building/Structural Collapse	0	0	□ x
Dam Failures			□ x
Explosions/Fires	0		□ x
Hazardous Materials - Fixed Site		Ö	□ x
Hazardous Materials-		□ x	
Transportation Incident			
Transportation Accidents		□ x	Ö
(passenger) (road, rail, air, marine)			
Critical Infrastructure Failures	•	o x	
Energy Emergencies	•	□ x	a
Nuclear Facility Emergencies	•		Q X
Radiological Emergencies			ОX
Mine Emergencies			oʻx
Oil/Gas Well Emergencies			o x
Petroleum/Gas Pipeline			O X
Emergencies			
Space Object Crash			D X
Jatoman Byenis:			
Terrorism	۵	0	Q X
Sabotage	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	□ X
Civil Disorder			□ x
Special Events	•		□ x
War and International Emergencies			□ X
Other Local Hazards			
Water supply interuption		οх	0
•		•	٥
• ,	0	٥	a
Total Hazards:	3	9	27
	LIKELY	POSSIBLE	UNLIKELY

^{*} The hazards named on this worksheet are the 38 hazards listed in Emergency Management Ontario's Provincial Hazard Identification and Risk Assessment.

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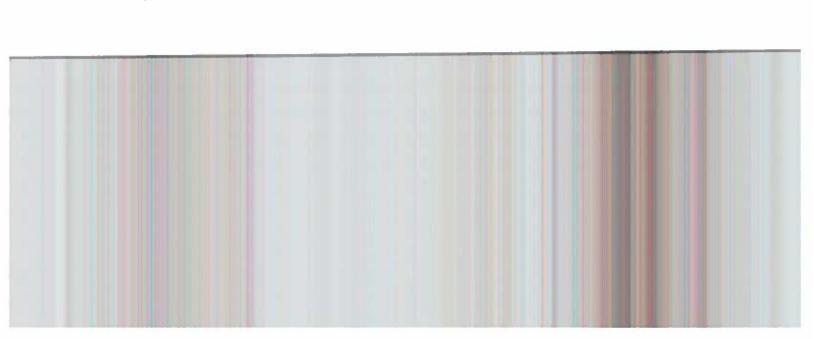


Hazard Sheet # 2004-01	
Updated:	

Type of Hazard (e.g., tornado, hazardous materials-fixed site, dam	failure, etc.):	
Forest Fire		
Giller vide and devind dev	maga eta):	
Specific Hazard (e.g., five tonnes of chlorine, widespread wind dar	nage, etc.).	
Forest Fire causing partial or full evacuation of Municipality		
Facility/Area (if applicable, otherwise write "general hazard" or sp	ecify area of concern):	
General Hazard affecting entire Municipality		
Lead Time (e.g., generally two days warning, etc.):		
Two Days or Less		
Probability:	Score:	
	1	

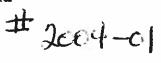
	÷1	
Consequence (include secondary incidents):	Score:	
Could entail evacuation of all or part of Municipality	4	
Could be substantial loss in Community		
May be loss of Municipal infastructure and impact on Business		
community		
	無	

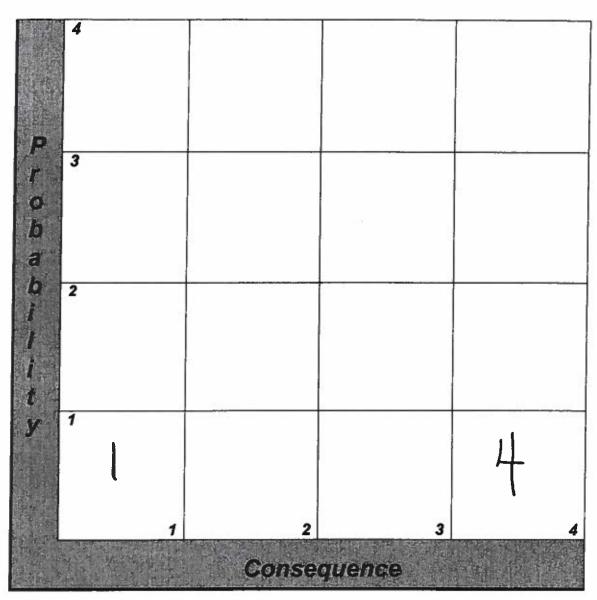
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Works 1: 3-3: Community Risk Assess Int Grid

Community Risk Assessment Grid





Scoring Charts:

Probability of Occurrence	Consequence

1 - No incidents in the last 15 years 1 - Negligible

2 – Last incident 5-15 years ago 2 – Limited

3 - One incident in the last 5 years 3 - Substantial

4 - Multiple incidents in the last 5 years 4 - High

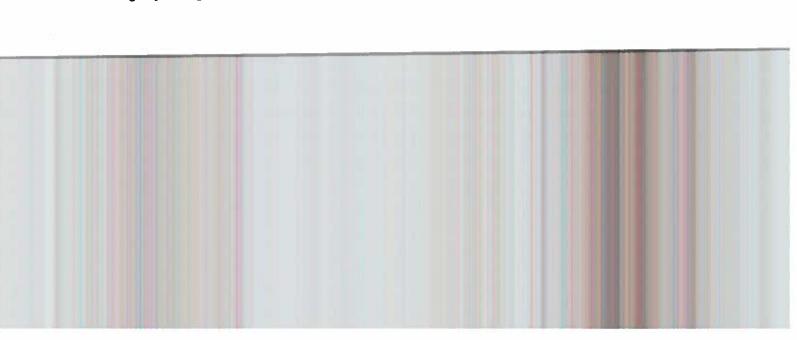
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Hazard Sheet	# 2004-02
Updated:	

Type of Hazard (e.g., tornado, hazardous materials-fixed site, dam failure	e, etc.):
	, , .
Snow storm/Ice storm	
Specific Hazard (e.g., five tonnes of chlorine, widespread wind damage,	etc.):
High accumulation of snow or ice	
Facility/Area (if applicable, otherwise write "general hazard" or specify a	rea of concern):
General hazard affecting entire Municipality	
Lead Time (e.g., generally two days warning, etc.):	•
One to Two Days	
Probability: Score	re: 2
	2
Consequence (include secondary incidents):	re: 2
Shut Down of Highways	
People trapped in homes or on roads	
Loss of power	
Impact on response of emergency providers	
Could require opening of emergency shelters	

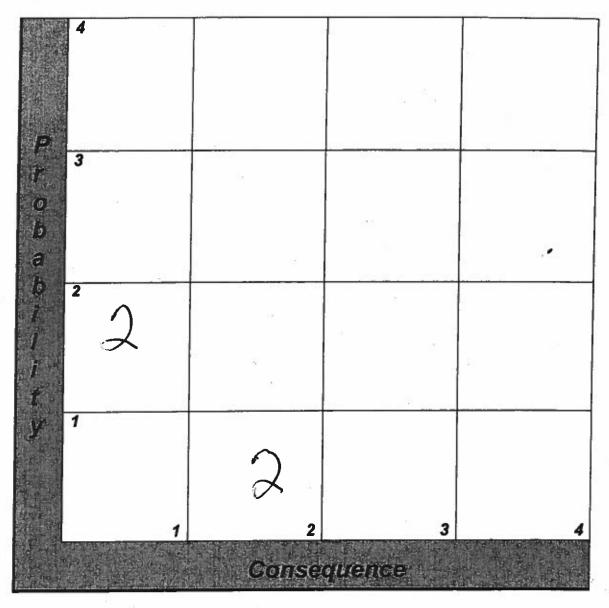
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Works et 3-3: Community Risk Assess ent Grid

Community Risk Assessment Grid

2004-02



Scoring Charts:

Probability	of Occurrence
Promining	or Occurrence

- 1 No incidents in the last 15 years
- 2 Last incident 5-15 years ago
- 3 One incident in the last 5 years
- 4 Multiple incidents in the last 5 years

Consequence

- 1 Negligible
- 2 Limited
- 3 Substantial
- 4 High

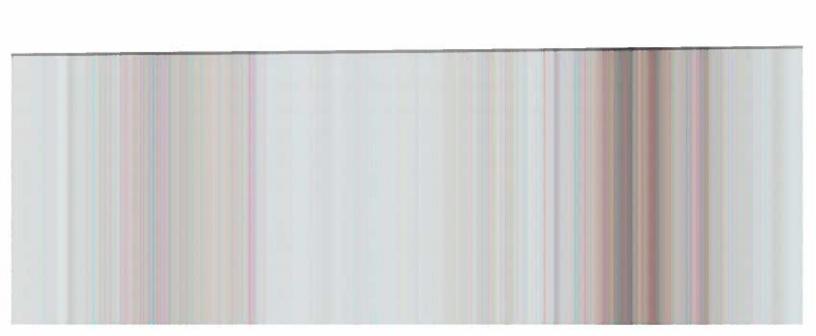
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Hazard Sheet # 2004-03	
Updated:	

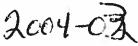
Type of Hazard (e.g., tornado, hazardous materials-fixed site, dar	n failure, etc.):		
Transportation Accident			
Specific Hazard (e.g., five tonnes of chlorine, widespread wind d	Specific Hazard (e.g., five tonnes of chlorine, widespread wind damage, etc.):		
Railway Accident causing spill of Hazardous materials			
Facility/Area (if applicable, otherwise write "general hazard" or specify area of concern): General Hazard rail line running through Municipality Specific hazard Spill occurs at crossing near Township water supply			
Lead Time (e.g., generally two days warning, etc.):	 		
None			
Probability:	Score:		
	•		
Consequence (include secondary incidents):	Score:		
General hazard spill of chemicals or fire			
Possible evacuations Impact on business			
÷			
Accident near water supply Chemical contamination of Municipal water supply			

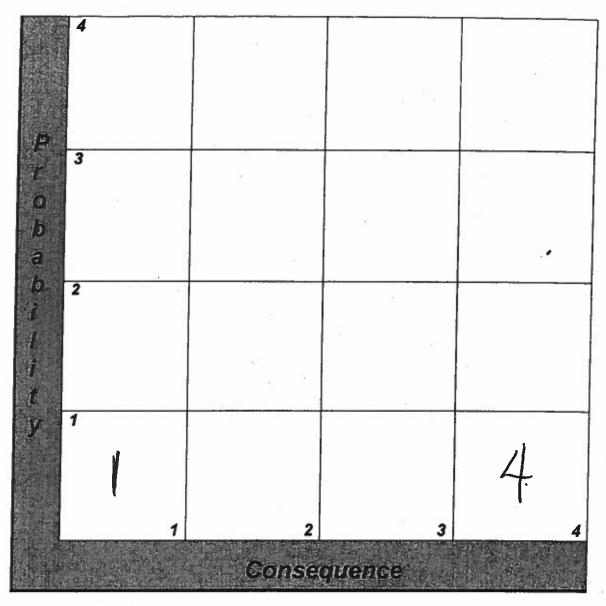
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Works et 3-3: Community Risk Assess ent Grid

Community Risk Assessment Grid 2004-03





Scoring Charts:

Probability of Occurrence	Consequence
A 37 1 13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 37 11 11 1

1 - No incidents in the last 15 years 1 - Negligible

2 – Last incident 5-15 years ago 2 - Limited

3 - Substantial 3 - One incident in the last 5 years

4 - Multiple incidents in the last 5 years 4 - High

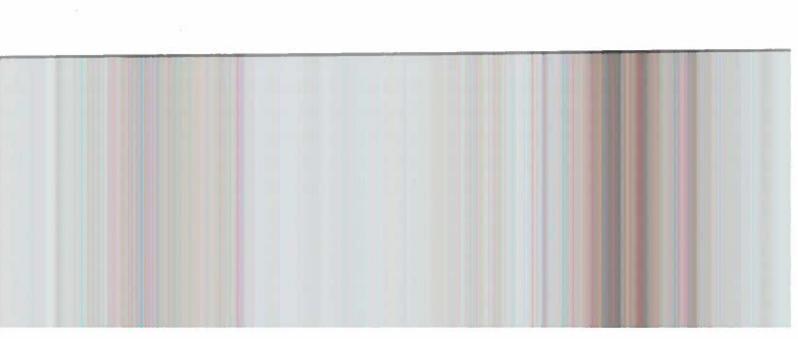
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Hazard Sheet # 2004-04	
Updated:	

(m) (TT1/1-1	C '1	
Type of Hazard (e.g., tornado, hazardous materials-fixed site, dam	tailure, etc.):	
Transportation Accident		
Specific Hazard (e.g., five tonnes of chlorine, widespread wind dan	nage, etc.):	
Car or Truck accident on highway		
Hazardous material spill		
Facility/Area (if applicable, otherwise write "general hazard" or spe	cify area of concern):	
Specific to Highway 66 but impacts entire Municipality		
Lead Time (e.g., generally two days warning, etc.):		
None		
Probability:	Score:	
1100mointy.	2	
	_	
(i 1 1 1 I i - i I t -)	Score:	
Consequence (include secondary incidents):	Score:	
	3	
Closure of highway		
Possible hazardous material spill or fire could cause evacuation of		
all or part of municipality		
Possible loss of infrastructure		
Impact on business		

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Works et 3-3: Community Risk Assessment Grid

Community Risk Assessment Grid 2004-64

4			
P 3			
b a b		*	
1 2			
y 1		3	
1	2 Conse	g(vehice	4

Scoring Charts:

Probability of Occurrence	Consequence
1 - No incidents in the last 15 years	1 - Negligible
2 - Last incident 5-15 years ago	2 - Limited
3 - One incident in the last 5 years	3 - Substantial
4 - Multiple incidents in the last 5 years	4 - High

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Hazard Sheet # 2004-05
Updated:

Type of Hazard (e.g., tornado, hazardous materials-fixed site, dam	foilure etc.).	
Type of frazaid (e.g., tornado, nazardous materials-fixed site, dam	ranure, etc.):	
Power Failure in Winter		
Specific Hazard (e.g., five tonnes of chlorine, widespread wind dar	nage, etc.):	
Loss of Hydro for lengthy period during winter		
Facility/Amag/if amplicable otherwise write "arrand barray"	:	
Facility/Area (if applicable, otherwise write "general hazard" or sp	ecity area of concern):	
General hazard affecting entire Municipality		
,,		
Lead Time (e.g., generally two days warning, etc.):		
<u> </u>		
None		
Probability:	Score:	
1100ability.	2	
	_	
Consequence (include secondary incidents):	Score: 2	
Possible evacuation to shelters		
Impact on Municipal ability to deliver water and sewer		
impact on withherpar ability to deriver water and sewer		
Impact on Business		
	ı l	

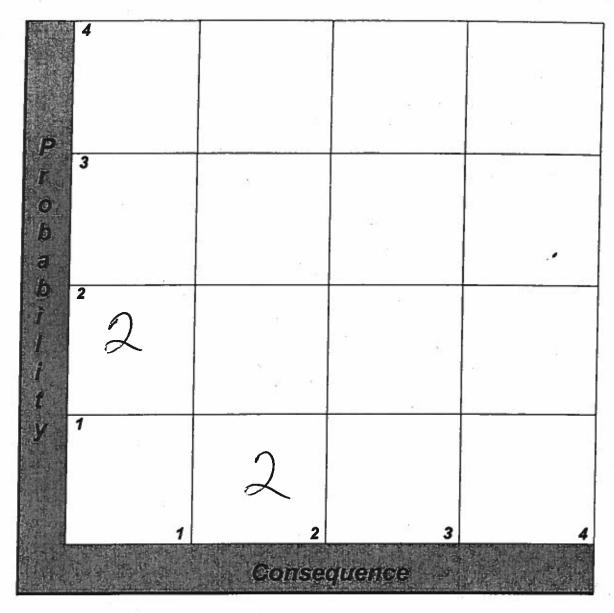
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Worksheet 3-3: Community Risk Assessment Grid

Community Risk Assessment Grid

2004-05



Scoring Charts:

Probability of Occurrence	Consequence	
1 - No incidents in the last 15 years	1 - Negligible	
2 - Last incident 5-15 years ago	2 - Limited	
3 - One incident in the last 5 years	3 - Substantial	
4 - Multiple incidents in the last 5 years	4 - High	

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Hazard Sheet # 2004-06
Updated:

Type of Hazard (e.g., tornado, hazardous materials-fixed site, dam Water System failure	failure, etc.):
Specific Hazard (e.g., five tonnes of chlorine, widespread wind dar	nage, etc.):
Failure of Well at pumphouse or break in main running to tower	
Facility/Area (if applicable, otherwise write "general hazard" or sp	ecify area of concern):
Entire serviced area of Municipality	
Lead Time (e.g., generally two days warning, etc.):	
None	
Probability:	Score:
	1
*:	<u> </u>
Consequence (include secondary incidents):	Score:
	3
Impact on all citizens	
Impact on Townships ability to provide emergency services ie fire protection	
Impact on business and local economy	
Possible evacuation	

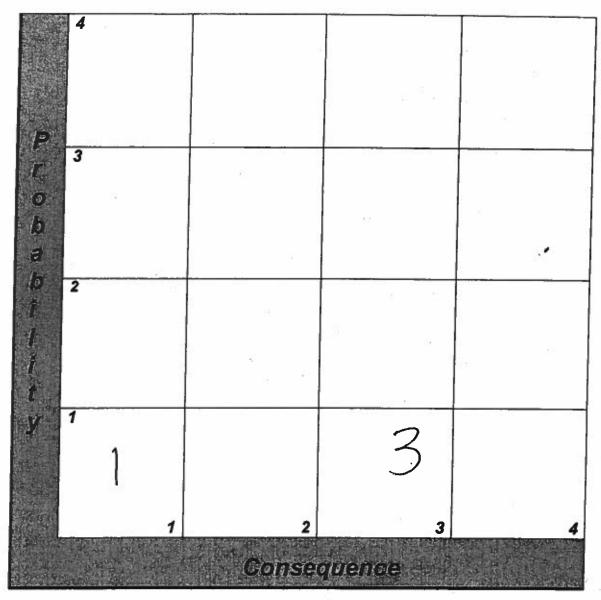
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Works et 3-3: Community Risk Assessent Grid

Community Risk Assessment Grid 2004-06





Scoring Charts:

Probability of	Occurrence
----------------	------------

- 1 No incidents in the last 15 years
- 2 Last incident 5-15 years ago
- 3 One incident in the last 5 years
- 4 Multiple incidents in the last 5 years

Consequence

- 1 Negligible
- 2 Limited
- 3 Substantial
- 4 High

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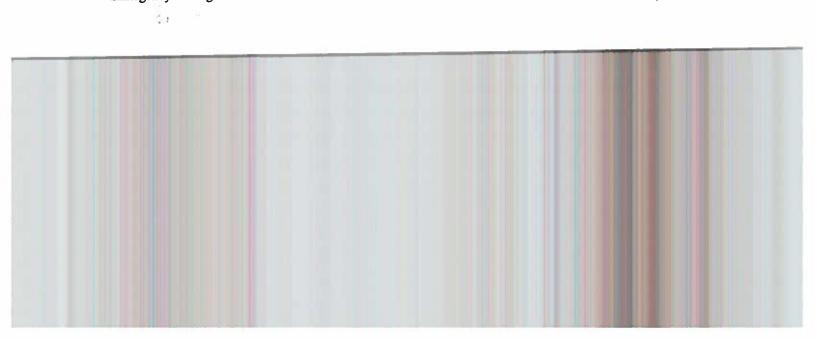


Township of McGarry Community risk assessment grid and profile rating

4			
3 0 b a b			
b 2 	#2 Snow/Ice P2-C2 Pr. #6 #5 Power Failure P2-C2 Pr. #4	#4 Transportation accident P2-C3 Pr. #5	
y 1		#6 Water System P1-C3 Pr. #2	#1 Forest Fire P1-C4 Pr. #3 #3 Rail Accident P1-C4 Pr. #1
1	2	3	4
	Conse	quence	

Scoring Charts:

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Worksheet 3-4: Community Risk Profile - Blank

Community Risk Profile

Township of McGarry

2004-03 Rail Accides P1-C4
2004-06 Water syste P1-C3
2004-01 Forest fire P1-C4
2004-05 Power Fallure P2-C2
2004-04 Hwy.Accident P2-C3
2004-02 Snow/ice P2-C2 **VULNERABLE**POPULATIONS

COMMUNITY VULNERABILITIES

CRITICAL RESPONSE ENVIRONMENT



Township of McGarry Emergency Management Program 2007 Public Awareness and Education Program

AIM

 To inform citizens in the community of the following identified priority hazards and risks:

1. Rail Accident

4. Power Failure

2. Water System Failure

5. Highway Accident

3. Forest Fire

6. Snow/Ice Storm

- To provide citizens with information about what they can do to mitigate, prepare, respond and recover from the priority hazards and risks identified.
- To continue generic public awareness by promoting personal emergency preparedness (e.g., the 72-hour kit), by publicizing the stations to tune into during an emergency and to update the community on the status of the emergency management programs.

OBJECTIVES

 Inform residents and businesses that rail accidents, water system failure and forest fires have been identified as priority hazards and risks for the community;

 Provide residents and businesses who are potentially affected by one of the identified priority hazards and risks with information about what they can do to prepare for, respond to priorities.

• Inform residents of what other hazards may be caused (e.g., water quality, food safety, etc):

Inform residents and businesses about individual and family emergency preparedness.

• Ensure the names, frequencies and/or channels of broadcast stations (e.g., radio, TV) for emergency information are publicized; and

• Increase awareness about Township emergency response plan and where it can be viewed by the public, and who to contact for more information about the community's emergency management program.

TARGET AUDIENCE

- Residents (permanent and seasonal)
- Businesses (commercial, industrial, institutional)
- Town staff
- Visitors

DELIVERY MECHANISM

Newsletters, brochures, handouts through Fire Department, web site.

Personal Preparedness

- o Make available on community website and municipal offices the following
 - ► EMO's Emergency Survival Kit Fact Sheet
 - ▶ Be Prepared, Not Scared PSEPC brochure

Community's Emergency Plan

Make available on community website and have copies available at all municipal offices

Personal Preparedness

EMO's Emergency Survival Kit Fact Sheets and Be Prepared, Not Scared brochure as well as other PSEPC brochures posted on the website and available to the public at municipal offices

Community's Emergency Plan

o Available on the community website and at municipal offices.

BUDGET

As required.